

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 30.

VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1899.

NO. 32.

FANS

SEE OUR SPECIAL VALUES IN FANS.

SOMETHING CHOICE

Challoner & Mitchell

JEWELLERS,

Phone 675.

47 GOVERNMENT STREET

Extraordinary activity in the Mantle, Cloak and Tailor-made Suit Department this week.

To-day brings another delivery of the prettiest garments of the season.

A Late Consignment of

Tailor-made Suits

Our two leaders are a special \$15 Suit, and our \$20 Suit is elegance itself.

Has just arrived.

ANOTHER WORD.—These Costumes will last but a short time. Ladies in quest of a High Class Suit should avail themselves of the opportunity. Are now on exhibition.

THE HUTCHESON CO. LIMITED, THE WESTSIDE, 6 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Many Questions?

About the purity of our goods. Do you know that everything we keep is PURE? Do you know that everything we keep is the BEST? Do you know that we are giving more goods for less money than any other grocer in town?

7 lbs. American Rolled Oats, 25c
Finest Creamery Butter, 25c lb
Finest Dairy Butter, 20c lb
Golden Blend Tea, 40c lb
Our Blend Tea, 20c lb
Our Coffee at 40c lb cannot be equalled.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO

Demanding the Best

The most progressive builders demand the best hardware for their work. The most intelligent come to us. They know we give them the best goods and make the prices right for them. They are satisfied that we do better for them than any other dealer and are glad to show they value our methods by coming to us.

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.

Cor. Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

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OF ALL KINDS IN STOCK AND MADE TO ORDER AT LOWEST PRICES.

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FOR A FEW DAYS AT M. R. SMITH & CO.'S 57 FORT STREET.

WE MAKE A specialty of compounding Physicians' Prescriptions.

HALL & CO. Dispensing Chemists

Lee & Fraser,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents

\$3,200 WILL PURCHASE one of the finest cottages in James Bay—7 rooms, brick foundation, hot and cold water, heated by furnace and radiators, electric light, in splendid condition, lot 50x100.

\$2,200 NINE-ROOMED BRICK HOUSE, with modern conveniences—a snap

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500 ACRES in plots to suit. 100 acres under cultivation. Easy terms. Apply to A. GLENDENNING, on the premises, or B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED

Bargains in Property This Week.

5 roomed house on North Park street, cheap.
6 roomed modern cottage, Harrison street, with stable, etc. Look this up if you want a home.
Cottages on Fernwood road from \$650 upwards.
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Lot and cottage, Johnson street, for \$450.
Cottage, Oak Bay avenue, only \$450.
Several houses to let from \$5 upwards.
When requiring COAL, or WOOD, or if you wish to dispose of your property quick, call on

P. C. MACGREGOR, Real Estate and Fire Insurance Agent, 52 GOVERNMENT STREET.

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Real Estate, Insurance and Financial Agent.

Canada Life Insurance Co.
Caledonian Fire Insurance Co.
Phoenix Assurance Co. of London

MONEY TO LOAN From private funds in sums from \$500 to \$50,000

F. G. Richards & Co

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents,

NO. 15 BROAD STREET

We are offering bargains in residences, residential sites for building, business properties, and farming lands. Prices low and terms easy. Inspect our lists before purchasing elsewhere. It will pay you. General agents Phoenix Fire of Hartford. Money to loan in sums to suit, at low rates of interest. Notaries Public and Conveyancers.

J. & J. TAYLOR'S FIRE-PROOF SAFES

AND VAULT DOORS.

AGENTS JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.

115 GOVERNMENT STREET

Also, Kodaks, Firearms, Fishing Tackle, Ammunition, Bicycles, etc., etc.

Telephones!

Telephones!

Telephones!

The Victoria & Esquimalt Telephone Co., Ltd., is now installing telephones free of construction charges. For locality and terms apply to R. B. M'KICKING, Manager, Five Sisters Block, Victoria, B. C.

THE PATERSON SHOE CO., Ltd.

(Late Victoria Shoe Co.)

Our shelves are now filled with

The Newest Things in Fashionable Fall Footwear

WE HAVE JUST OPENED

30 CASES Geo. E. Keith's Celebrated Fine American Shoes for Men and Boys

Which we have marked at POPULAR PRICES as usual.

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS.

THE PATERSON SHOE CO., Ltd.

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VICTORIA, B. C.

WOULD YOU HAVE LIGHT, SWEET, WHOLESOME BREAD?

H. B.

Hungarian Flour

ALWAYS RELIABLE.

WHOLESALE BY HUDSON'S BAY CO.

NEW WELLINGTON COAL

Washed Nuts, \$4.25
Sack and Lump, \$5.50 Delivered.

KINGHAM & CO., 44 FORT STREET. Telephone 647.

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AUCTIONEER, The City Auction Mart

73 AND 75 1/2 YATES STREET.

Furnished houses and stock bought outright for spot cash; highest prices paid before disposing of your goods you will find it to your interest to consult us.

Real Estate Department.

Wanted, residences to rent and for sale in all parts, good clients waiting. Properties entrusted with us receive personal and careful attention. Satisfaction guaranteed. A trial solicited.

WILLIAM F. BEST

ANALYTICAL CHEMIST (Heidelberg and Lelupel). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, 28 Broad street, opposite Dr. Reid's Hotel, Victoria.

Marching to Attack

Boers From the Transvaal and Free State Pouring Into Natal.

They Will Attempt to Destroy Railway Communication Between British Bases.

Philipstown in Cape Colony, Laing's Nek and Ingogo Heights Taken

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 12.—This morning dispatches furnished ample details of the situation on the frontier and enable a clearer exposition of the military status.

It now seems the Boers intend to act in two columns, those from the Transvaal working from the north and those from the Orange Free States working from the west, with the object of keeping the British forces at Ladysmith and Dundee occupied, while parties of Boers slip past the bridges along the railway forming the line of communication between the British base at Durban, Natal, and the advance base at Pietermaritzburg and the front.

It is regarded as possible that the Boers will attempt to occupy Estcourt, where there are only a hundred men of the naval brigade, and the news that the Boers are raiding Zululand in the

New Advertisements on Page 8.

HASTIE'S FAIR

Tin and Enamelware.

77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE

50 CENTS PER BOTTLE. JOHN COCHRANE, Chemist, N.W. Corner Yates and Douglas Streets

—Let Us Fill Your Prescription—

NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO., Ltd.

NANAIMO, B.C. SAMUEL M. REBINS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Cent Mixed by White Labor.

New Wellington Coal

Washed Nuts, \$4.25 per ton
Sack and Lump, \$5.50 per ton

Delivered to any part of the city.

KINGHAM & CO., 44 FORT STREET.

J. E. CHURCH, J. C. V. SPRATT, Trounce Avenue, Yates and Store Sts.

MUNN, HOLLAND & CO., Cor. Broad Street and Trounce Avenue.

Telephone Call 647. Wharf—Store Street, Spratt's Wharf.

neighborhood of Eschwege is taken as confirmation of this possibility.

The road connects Eschwege and Estcourt through Greytown and Pampoenek, and from Greytown it is also an easy reach to Hawick and to the south. If the bridges along the Orange river were destroyed this would enormously increase the difficulty of reinforcing the British.

Prepared for the Boers.

However, it is still suspected the entire Boer concentration on the frontiers of Natal may be merely an elaborate feint to draw off attention from Mafeking, which many experts regard the real objective point of the Boers. A successful attack there would give the Boers great prestige with the disaffected Afrikaners in Cape Colony.

A dispatch from Mafeking, dated today, says Col. Baden-Powell has just sent a strong British force from Mafeking toward the border with guns and ambulance, presumably with a view of occupying the advantageous defensive high road. Col. Baden-Powell's movement is held to indicate he is not only prepared for sharp fighting, but probably expects it at that point.

Boers in Natal.

London, Oct. 12.—A special dispatch from Ladysmith, Natal, says the Boers occupied Laing's Nek the moment the ultimatum expired and are now pouring into Natal.

Ingogo Heights have been occupied.

Official confirmation of the announcement that the Orange Free State burghers have entered Natal by the way of Van Renen's pass leaves no further room for doubt that war has already been commenced and the campaign begun.

News of the invasion of the northern border is also generally accepted as reliable.

It seems improbable, therefore, that a clash between the forces of Britain and the Transvaal can long be delayed, if indeed it has not occurred already.

Occupation of Philipstown.

London, Oct. 12.—The Free State burghers, according to a private message just received, have crossed the Orange river into Cape Colony and have occupied Philipstown.

Their object, it is supposed, is to cut the railway at Decar Junction, which is considered an important strategic point.

According to a dispatch from Cape Town, it is asserted there that the Boers have arranged with Chief Luthwe, a prominent chief of the northwestern border, to take up arms against Great Britain.

Force Moves From Mafeking.

A dispatch from Mafeking under today's date says Col. Baden-Powell has just sent a strong British force from Mafeking toward the border with field guns and ambulances, presumably with a view of occupying advantageous defensive high ground.

Seizure of Trains.

Dispatches from Durban confirm the report that the Free State authorities seized a Natal train leaving Ladysmith yesterday morning for Harrismith. They also stopped a train due to leave Harrismith in the afternoon. All rolling stock has been ordered out of reach of seizure.

It is understood telegraphic communication with the Transvaal ceased punctually at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Canadians Wanted.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 12.—The Globe

states that the Imperial government has cabled the Dominion authorities asking how many men Canada can furnish for service in South Africa. A reply was sent stating that 1,000 men can be put on board a transport within ten days or two weeks.

Capetown, Oct. 12.—News has been received here that the British diplomatic agent in the Transvaal, Mr. Conyngham Greene, paid a formal farewell visit to President Kruger and high Boer officials at Pretoria last evening.

The Defence of Mafeking.

Mafeking, Oct. 12.—Half a battery of artillery from Kimberley has just arrived. The police at outlying stations have been ordered to concentrate within the town limits. No one is allowed to leave either by road or train without special permission, which is not granted to any able-bodied man. Nearly all women and children have left. Confidence of their ability to repulse the Boers is increasing among the British.

Kimberley, Oct. 12.—The authorities of Mafeking are now expecting an attack, in which event the wires between Mafeking and Kimberley will be cut and information entirely shut off. Latest information regarding the number of burghers assembled along the Kimberley border is that it does not exceed 3,500. The Boers have only four field guns. A successful attack upon Kimberley is therefore considered impossible.

Dragons Arrive.

Durban, Oct. 12.—The Imperial reserves in Natal have been called out.

Everybody left Charleston on the last train bringing away the railway staff.

The exodus from Newcastle also continues. The Fifth Dragoons arrived this morning from India. They landed immediately and at once proceeded to the front.

Destroying Bridges.

Lorenzo Marques, Oct. 12.—Information has reached here that the Boers have mined three piers of the bridge at Komatipoort on the Komati river.

To Protect Western Border.

Capetown, Oct. 12.—All available troops of the garrison of the district were dispatched to a point nearer the border last night.

Last evening the Orange Free State commands moved nearer the western border in the direction of the Modder river.

Schreiner's Appeal.

Capetown, Oct. 11.—In the Cape House of Assembly today Premier Schreiner made an impassioned appeal to the country and press to preserve peace.

It is asserted the premier intended to sign the proclamation of the government of Cape Colony, Sir A. Milner, declaring all persons abetting the enemy in a state of war against Great Britain to be guilty of treason.

France Notified of the War.

Paris, Oct. 12.—Secretary Vandervelde, of the Transvaal European agency, immediately notified the French government this morning that a state of war between the South African Republic and Great Britain exists, and has existed since last evening.

Looking After Britain's Interests.

London, Oct. 12.—The colonial office announces that Mr. Macrum, consul, Pretoria, with the consent of his government, has taken charge of British interests in the Transvaal.

The afternoon papers express great satisfaction that the American government has undertaken to protect British interests in the Transvaal during the war.

Removal of Prosecution of Irish Members.

London, Oct. 12.—The Sun of this city prints a rumor that the government will prosecute certain Irish members of the House of Commons on a charge of high treason in consequence of their pro-Boer attitude.

Meeting of Ministers.

Ottawa, Oct. 12.—The cabinet has been in session since noon making arrangements with regard to the sending of a Canadian contingent to the Transvaal.

Kruger Thanks His Friends.

London, Oct. 12.—As a pendant to the dispatch to America, President Kruger has cabled the Transvaal European agent as follows:

"Pretoria, Oct. 12.—Please convey the heartfelt thanks of the government of the South African Republic to their friends in England for the courageous way they defended the cause of right. Whatever the outcome may be, the two Republics will always gratefully bear in mind the assistance and support shown them in these critical days."

Represents the Boers.

The Hague, Oct. 12.—At the request of the government of the South African Republic, the Dutch consul-general in London, Dr. H. S. J. Mads, will take charge of the interests of the Transvaal in Great Britain.

Orders From England.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—A special to the Tribune from St. Joseph, Mo., says: "A single order of 350,000 pounds of dressed poultry, making 14 carloads, has just been received here by a packing house from London, Eng. More than 100,000 chickens will be slaughtered this week in filling the order. Some of this

(Continued on page 8.)

The New Vancouver
Coal-Mining & Land Co.
LIMITED.
Supply from the Nanaimo, Southfield and Protection Island Collieries.

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House

Double Screened Lump,
Run of the Mine,
Washed Nuts and Screenings.

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The Daily Times.

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All communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Editor, The Times, Victoria, B. C.

THE DAILY TIMES is on Sale at the Following Places in Victoria:

CASIMIRO'S BOOK EXCHANGE, 105 Douglas street.
EMERY'S CIGAR STAND, 23 Government street.

KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 75 Yates street.

H. G. MASON, Dawson Hotel Entrance, Yates street.

VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government street.

T. N. HIRSH & COMPANY, 60 Government street.

F. CAMPBELL, Tobacconist, 32 Government street.

GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.

H. W. WALKER, (Selling Groceries), Esquimalt road.

W. WILBY, 91 Douglas street.

MRS. CROOK, Victoria West post office.

GEO. J. COOK, Victoria West.

T. REDDING, Craigflower road, Victoria West.

MR. FRASER ON THE YUKON.

If the editor of the Colonist had heard Mr. D. C. Fraser speak last night on Yukon matters he would have been convinced that his gentle irony in regard to the speaker's tones surrounding in the suburbs of Victoria, like the voice of many waters had more truth in it than was given to prove conducive to the comfort of the Tory party. Mr. Fraser's words will be carried as by a rushing mighty wind through Canada, from the Pacific to the Atlantic, to the confusion of a politician who slandered the name of Canada, as the speaker said, on the mere accusations of painted harlots and disappointed foreign adventurers, who had been thwarted in their lust for gold.

Last night we had a description of the country and of its administration by a man who has examined everything personally, and who therefore spoke from experience. Let those people who were not fortunate enough to hear Mr. Fraser read his speech in the Times and Colonist, with the rambling sixteen house opinion of Sir Hilbert Tupper in Parliament, and judge for themselves which is the more likely to be a true statement of the case. Tupper's story was founded on rumors picked up on the highways and byways, while the Colonist acknowledged it had known all along, but which it considered without foundation and unfit for publication; Fraser's statements are facts which are vouched for and proved from the speaker's own experience. His testimony as to the wisdom and judgment of the men entrusted with the administration of the law in that isolated region proves that Canada has inherited the genius for government which is a conspicuous trait in the people of the mother country.

A feature of the speech which aroused the enthusiasm of the audience was the contrast which the speaker skillfully drew between the lip loyalty of the Tories and the genuine affection which existed in the preference for the tariff, and which had so wonderful an effect in drawing attention to this country and in creating the demand at home for Canadian goods. Allusion was made by the speaker to the readiness of Canada to share in the struggle of the Empire to do justice to all her subjects, and attention drawn to the fact that at the present moment provision has been made for sending a corps to the Transvaal to take part in the campaign there. The Montreal Star, which seems to have become possessed of all the recklessness of the Tupper family since it became an avowed organ of the party, has been questioning the loyalty of the Premier and declaring that his sympathies were with "France and the Transvaal," whatever it may mean by that, because it was not announced with a blare of trumpets that we in Canada are prepared to do our share of the work that has to be done. Of course the Colonist dutifully follows suit this morning, and in its small way formulates its note of depreciation. These critics probably know very well that the plans of the British

War Office are not published to the world, but nothing to them is sacred if party advantage can be obtained. However, the blockade of all the colonies of the Empire lying round the old land in the present crisis will not be without its lesson to the nations of the earth.

RESPECT THE CHAIR.

That it should be necessary at this date to point out to members of an aldermanic board the fundamental principle upon which our municipal government is based and sustained, seems a pity. Nevertheless the necessity for that proceeding must be apparent to anyone who has followed the more recent debates of the Victoria City Council.

Probably it is the fact that there are few amongst our male citizens who do not know fairly well the rules of order of public assemblies, the forms through which public business must pass in its course before it is finally dealt with. It would be an insult to the intelligence of our readers to tell them that those rules of order represent the experience of some centuries of representative government, and they are as perfect a form for the conduct of public business as the collective wisdom of many generations of public men could make them, but it does seem an extraordinary thing that men who have been deemed fit for election to the aldermanic board should be apparently in ignorance of these simple facts.

Whether they are ignorant of them or not the conduct of one or two of them lately has proved that they are inclined to disregard that fundamental principle. Here was a case where the mayor plainly warned the board that when the measure then before the council had passed to its second reading no discussion of the general principle of it would be allowed. As everyone is, or should be, aware, the passing to second reading is a tacit agreement on the part of the chamber that the general principle of the measure is approved, and that further discussion must be confined strictly to the separate clauses as they come up for examination.

In the matter in question one of the aldermen, at the second reading, deliberately introduced the broadest kind of generalization on the principle of the bill, and the mayor, as was his bounden duty, at once stopped him. Yet it was no more the mayor's place to stop that alderman than it was the duty of every other alderman around that board, for that alderman was committing an attack upon what each and all of them ought jealously to defend—the privileges of that body. It is greatly to be regretted that the offending alderman, instead of instantly apologizing for his error, made remarks to the chairman which ought to have called forth protests from every other alderman at that board.

It is another broad principle of parliamentary practice that individual members of the chamber must on all occasions show the utmost respect to the chairman; if they feel aggrieved at anything the chairman may have done or said, they have their remedy, but that remedy does not consist, as some members of the Victoria council seem to think, in entering into heated altercation with the occupant of the chair. Scenes such as have unfortunately occurred in that chamber within the past few days would never be allowed to occur were the board thoroughly conversant with the ethic of the matter. The chairman must be protected and upheld when he is in the right, when he is following established order and practice, and the proper defenders of the chair are the colleagues of the offending members. There seems to be some confusion of idea at the bottom of those attacks upon the chair; it should be remembered that the personality of the chairman should not be allowed to obscure the fact that the chair is the symbol of order and authority and that its dignity must be at all times maintained and defended.

AN INSPIRING ADDRESS.

Duncan C. Fraser, of Guysboro, is a man amongst ten thousand. It would be hard to find his match as a mover of the feelings of large bodies of people. He has the voice of a Seneca and the physical presence of a Hercules, and his words can stir men like the blast of a hurricane in time of war. Those who listened to his address last night in Pioneer Hall will not call the foregoing an exaggerated tribute to the powers of the man.

Reckoning the case mildly, to say that he infused into the young Liberals present something of his own open and boldly expressed scorn for the policy of subterfuge that has served the opponents of the people's party so long, but is now, through the eloquence of critics like Mr. Fraser, being unceremoniously laid to rest by the people of Canada.

It is a treat to listen to Mr. Fraser, and one can readily understand that in such counties as Glengarry and in Cape Breton, where the ancient speech of the Children of the Mist is used to this day in its pristine purity, and the traditions of their ancestors are fresh and clear as they were before the '45, this orator, speaking the Gaelic, would rouse his hearers to the highest pitch of enthusiasm.

Mr. Fraser's handling of the unique and somewhat forgotten New Westminster Whitman of the local Tories, was without gloves, and a sorry thing it was when he had finished with it. His exposure of the tariff question, upon which he is particularly well-informed, was a fine piece of work, but the most

valuable thing about his rousing address was its splendid Liberalism. We feel sure that all the Liberals who were present last evening would rejoice to learn from the lips of one so eminently qualified to be the herald of such tidings that the trend of sentiment in the East is more strongly than ever toward that which has been the pole star of the Liberals—"government of the people by the people, for the people."

BOER AGGRESSION.

General Joubert, the military chief of the Transvaal, has long been known as a soldier of considerable strategic ability. It is said that he, perhaps copying the example of von Moltke, has spent years in planning every possible scheme of attack upon the Republic, and every scheme of defence, until he has at his finger ends a full understanding of the contingencies ever likely to arise.

Our dispatches to-day indicate that the Boer armies are not without a concerted plan in opening the hostilities. Their object, it is clear, is to harass the British by every means in their power, rather than meet them in a stand-up fight in the field; something after the style of the Filipinos. The move in the direction of the railways was to be expected, and proves that they recognize fully the importance of cutting communication between the seat of war and the sea; if they can prevent the dispatch of any more troops by rail from Durban or Pietermaritzburg, and can at the same time manage to carry out the junction of columns from the Transvaal and Free State at Ladysmith, the position of the British forces now in the angle of the mountains where the Transvaal, Natal and Free State meet, will be most critical. They will be outnumbered to a serious extent, and cut off from all communication with the east and south they will have to bear the brunt of the fighting till the railways can be repaired and reinforcements cut their way through the Boer lines surrounding the British force in North Natal.

Of course it is quite evident that in a new country like Natal it would be a task of comparative ease for small parties of Boers, provided with dynamite, to work almost irreparable damage to the railways, by destroying bridges, culverts, embankments and other works, while the work of pursuing them through a country they know to the square yard would be immensely difficult.

From a study of the map of the whole region, it appears to the average mind that the most vulnerable point in the Transvaal is the west, but, of course, the difficulty there is that although there is a railway from Capetown to Bulawayo, it passes so closely along the border of both the hostile states that probably it will be quickly rendered useless for war purposes. But it would be quite possible to use it to pour a strong force from Capetown up to a point within striking distance of the Orange Free State, and no doubt this is what will be done, so that a simultaneous attack can be made from the southwest and southeast on the territory of the Republics.

The Boers have done the wisest thing they could have done in seizing the chance to strike a blow while British arrangements were still incomplete, but no matter what the result of their move may be, even to the cutting off or capture of the gallant fellows who are now at Ladysmith, the ultimate result will be the same.

It was a great stroke of luck for the New South Wales Lancers to land in England for their training just on the eve of a fuss like the present. Their offer of service was immediately accepted by the British government, and they are now away to the Cape in high glee. Every man of them is a crack rifle shot, and up to all the tricks of guerrilla warfare as practiced by the like of the Boers. They will probably go home to Australia after the war covered with glory.

Captain Dreyfus has received an offer of \$200,000 for the rights of his story, written by himself. This is just double the sum accepted by General Boulanger for writing a history of the war of 1870, which he did not write, and could not write. The work was done by a Parisian literary hack for something like three per cent. of the sum paid to the General.

It is alleged that amongst the eminent women who have used shorthand for many years as something more than a pastime are Mrs. Gladstone, Mrs. Tupper, wife of the Archbishop of Canterbury, Lady Esher, and Mrs. Parker, wife of the pastor of the City Temple. Mrs. Parker is an expert reporter, and for years has taken down her husband's sermons.

Sir William Van Horne has just returned from a visit to Newfoundland. "I had no idea," he said to an interviewer, "that the country was so rich in natural resources. Railways and coastwise steamers will have a marked effect on the development of Newfoundland."

William T. Stead, editor, etc., is making a lot of money off a pamphlet he has just issued. It is entitled, "Shall I Slay My Brother Boer?" The pamphlet is pitched in the usual William T. key and is classed by a Chicago critic as "hot stuff."

—Window Mullins, Art Madras, Fancy Canvases, Gauds, Satens, Cretonnes, Chintzes, direct from England, at Weller Bros.

THE SUPPLY STORES.

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Our Ceylon Teas and Coffees are unsurpassed. Fresh Butters, Bacon, Hams, Eggs, etc. AT LOWEST PRICES.

House Checks or Trading Stamps to Cash Customers.

LAYS OF A NEW PROVINCE.

(With apologies to the late Lord Macaulay.)

Semin, provincial Premier, By the time gold he swore, That the house of legislature Should summoned be once more.

By the time gold he swore he, And named a trading day, And east and west did south and north He bade his messengers go forth To summons the array.

For Martinus, of Vancouver, Had thrown the gauntlet down, And had gathered to his standard A following of his own:

Higgins on his right hand stood, A knight of rare renown, And on his left that trusty spear From Rossland's famous town.

Nell buckled on his armor tight, Kidd rushed across the yield, With Smithills, of Nanaimo, came McP, the dauntless Celt.

So, they went on fleetest horses, By mule trains and by steam, And many a mining camp was passed And fortified many a stream.

Bears, Killins, of Revelstoke, A champion for the right, Forgathered with the hussies From Cariboo by night.

Through Kootenay the tocsin rang, As they sped in mad career, And the redskins and duty reached Wells at Windermere.

Through Cassiar the message ran, And Lillooet and Yale, And the sound of coming conflict Turned heads of Kamloops, pale.

Down the valley of the Fraser, Over the plain of Chilliwack, The summons flew with lightning speed, Which Richmond echoed back.

Till Delta and Till Dewdney heard The bugle call to fight, And the Howards, the Bellas, came In Westminster by night.

Nor did the Turner cohorts stand Idly by and see, The gathering of the Semin hordes By handwads and by sea.

Shouting from Victoria North, Called heads of Salt Spring Isle; Came South from wide of Lillooet, Redeked with many a smile:

The banners of the city, borne By Helmerston and Hall, Brought Pooley and the Commodore, Obsequent to the call.

Conan's doughty champion, Silent, sedate and grave, Brydsonius from Wellington, Of stoutest heart and brave:

McPhillips with valor drawn, On Cruiser took command, With Ellison and Robertson, As guardians on each hand:

But Turnerell came not; he With Baker shifted the fray, Set sail on their silent tents, In the high land far away.

And the Premier's face was sad, And the Premier's speech was low; Darkly he looked on Cottons, But looked not on the foe.

One moment on Martinus He gazed with troubled eye, The clanking factions saw it, And sent up a ringing cry:

"To be united is easy, But 'tis easier to be fooled, When those who dupe and fool ye, Are in arts like these well schooled.

My ears were all too willing To take in the deep laid plan, To dismiss him from our councils Who is every inch a man.

His statesmanship, his genius, Stand highest on the roll; I wronged him, and my country wronged, The noblest of us all.

I am tired of all this plotting, I am sick and sore of heart, Chase ye this day a leader, My work is done—we part.

Then a silence, strained and painful, Possessed the excited throng, Which burst forth in rage and fury, The tumult lasting long.

Lead shouts rang, "Ho, Martinus," A few "Bourgeois" cried, And Cottons the tribune gained, With haughty mien and stride.

But no sentence could he utter, Amid the tumult and the din, And faction vied with faction, The speaker's eye to win;

But Fosterus his gavel dropped, And in loud and thunderous tones, Dismissed them from the Assembly, And sent them to their homes.

(May be Continued.)

A LAND TIDE.

Recent observations with the seismograph at Mauritius have led to the suggestion that not only the ocean and the atmosphere, but even the land, may experience the effects of a daily tide running round and round the earth as it revolves on its axis. But while the tides in the air and the sea are due more to the moon than to the sun, the supposed "land tide" arises solely from the sun's action. Moreover, it is caused, not by the attraction of the sun, but by its heat. A wave of depression is supposed to follow the sun from east to west, caused by the extrusion of moisture from the soil. At Mauritius it is found that there is a relative upheaval of the land to the west of the place of observation from morning until evening, and a relative depression on the same side, or an upheaval to the east, during the night.

SAVOY THEATRE

HERE AT LAST.

The Puzzle of the 19th Century.

The Divine Dodson.

The Great of All Jugglers.

The Premier "Ohama,"

Together with all the favorites of last week.

PUBLIC MEETINGS

MEETINGS OF RATEPAYERS WILL BE HELD
At Semple's Hall, Victoria West, on Thursday Evening, October 12,
At Johns Bros' Hall, Douglas St., on Friday Evening, October 13,
At Oddfellows' Hall, Spring Ridge, on Monday Evening, October 16,

TO DISCUSS THE
Railway Project--Victoria to Chilliwack
Chair taken at each meeting at 8 p.m.

Spencer's Friday Bargains

6 Cashmere and Silk Tea Gowns, regular \$15.00 to \$22.50 Friday, \$5.00

16 Women's Moreen Underskirts, regular \$2.50 to \$3.75 Friday, \$1.50

36 Women's Underskirts, fancy stripe fl. unce, regular \$1.00... Friday, 75cts

250 Suits Men's Scotch Wool Underwear Per Suit Friday, 75cts

500 yards Fancy Velvets, regular \$2.00 Per yard Friday, 50cts

25 Women's Black and Navy Serge Outside Skirts Friday, \$2 75

10 boxes Linen Fringe for Table Covers, etc., regular 25c. per yard Friday, 5cts

13 Cases New Goods.

Second big lot of Women's Jackets and Suits, Black Cloth Capes, several hundred Children's Jackets and Ulsters, the prettiest we ever opened out, at from \$1.75 to \$7.50. Women's and Children's Macintoshes and Boys' Overcoats, one of the best stocks in the country to select from and all marked at prices to meet eastern competition.

D. Spencer.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF SCRANTON, PA.

Club meeting THIS (Thursday) EVENING at Room 22, Brunswick Hotel. All members are requested to attend.

MATTHEW HUTCHISON, President.

—Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street.

A CHANCE FOR ALL.

Italdness, dandruff, and falling out of hair are curable by using the right preparation. I sell the best. It will make hair grow on any bald head on earth. No cure, no fee.

H. J. MATTHEWS.

101 Douglas street.

WANTED—On copper, brass, lead, scrap iron, rope, canvas and sacks; highest prices given. Apply Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street. H. Aarons, Agent.

SITUATION WANTED as driver by young man, well acquainted with the city. Apply to "Driver," Times Office.

AGENTS—Dreyfus, the prisoner of Devil's Island. Full story of the most remarkable military trial and scandal of the age. Big book, well illustrated, sells on sight. Snap for canvassers. Bradley, Garrison Company, Limited, Bradford.

WANTED—Lady Agents for Sargent and Paris Female Film, guaranteed safe, prompt, reliable. Salary and commission. Address P. O. Box 1375 Seattle.

WANTED—\$2 per day sure, gentlemen or ladies, special work, positive permanent, reliable firm, with best references; experience unnecessary. Address S. M. Fry, Field Manager, Winnipeg.

TEACHER WANTED—Male preferred, for the Sidney Public School, by October 20th. Apply to W. R. Armstrong, Secretary.

FOR SALE.

TO MARRIED LADIES—"Surrender," the latest French Discovery. Send self-addressed envelope with stamp enclosed to J. O. Box 1375 Seattle.

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, 100 acres of land one mile from Shawigan Station, with good barn and outbuildings and number of bearing fruit trees. Apply to G. W. McKean, Shawigan Lake, N. & N. Railway.

TO LET.

TO LET—Suite of furnished rooms at 120 Vancouver street.

TO LET—Ten roomed house, No. 187 Pandora Avenue, bath, furnace, electric light, freshly painted and furnished. Apply 55 Fernwood road.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite; modern conveniences; good dining room. Sample rooms for commercial use. M. Wall, The Vernon, 66 Douglas street.

FINELY FURNISHED ROOMS at the International, 40 Johnson street. Newly opened.

FINELY FURNISHED ROOMS at the International, 40 Johnson street. Newly opened.

TO RENT—Office in the Times building, ground floor. Apply at Times office.

REWARD.

\$25 REWARD—I will pay \$25 to any person who will give information that will lead to the conviction of the party who stole shrubbery from my premises. No. 6 Slocum street, during night time of the 8th or 9th inst. W. Templeman.

COAL AND WOOD.

COAL AND WOOD—Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Belleville street, James Bay; telephone 407; city office, Westminster & Oddy's, telephone 401.

LUMP COAL, NUT COAL, SACK COAL, SLACK COAL. Telephone 694. Mann, Holland & Co., Trussard and Broad street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for anything my children do. N. Burtwell, 43 Humboldt street.

UNION BREWERY, 150 Government street; cellar entrance, rear of Hotel Victoria.

GET YOUR AMMUNITION at John Barnsley & Co., 115 Government street. Largest stock in the Province.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 126.

SOCIETIES.

VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street; at 7:30 o'clock. B. S. ODDY, Secretary.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon—Office at Bray'sivery, 108 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty—Yards and goods cleaned; contracts made for removal earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, process. John Dougherty, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 136.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Thursday, Oct. 12.

First presentation in this city of

HOYT'S

Greatest success and masterpiece.

A Black Sheep

Presented by the strongest cast ever organized, headed by

MR. WILLIAM DEVERE

Produced in this city with all the elaborate scenery and extravagant stage accessories previously the same as given at

Hoyt's New York Theatre
Where it had a prosperous run of
More Than 200 Nights.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00. Seats on sale at Victoria Book Store.

A.O.U.W. HALL.

WEEK COMMENCING OCT. 9.

Return engagement of the talented Actress

MISS

GEORGIE WOODTHORPE

POPULAR PRICES:

10c., 20c. and 30c.

Seats on Sale at Lombard's.

—Carpet, Art Squares, Oilcloths, Linoleum, in all the latest colorings and styles, at Weller Bros.

Sense and Purify.

Besides using pure drugs and chemicals, we use sense in compounding prescriptions. That's why our business is growing. Bring your prescriptions and family recipes to us.

C. H. BOWEN & CO.,

CHEMISTS,

100 GOVERNMENT STREET, NEAR YATES STREET.

"Everything Pertaining to Drugs."

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Oct. 12, 3 a.m.—The very extensive area of high barometric pressure mentioned yesterday as covering the Canadian Northwest, is moving southward, and in its development is likely to cause an increase of the east wind on this coast.

Barometer—Barometer, 29.8; temperature, 45; minimum, 44; wind, 9 miles N.; weather, clear.

New Westminster—Barometer, 29.86; temperature, 32; minimum, 30; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Nanaimo—Wind, N. W.; weather, clear.

Kamloops—Barometer, 29.08; temperature, 36; minimum, 34; wind, 18 miles W.; weather, fair.

Markerville—Barometer, 29.14; temperature, 14; minimum, 12; wind, 4 miles N.; weather, clear.

Nash—Barometer, 29.82; temperature, 40; minimum, 41; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, cloudy.

Portland, Oregon—Barometer, 29.78; temperature, 38; minimum, 36; wind, calm; weather, fog.

Tacoma—Barometer, 29.80; temperature, 40; minimum, 44; wind, 10 miles N.; weather, clear.

San Francisco—Barometer, 29.84; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, 6 miles S.; rain, .02; weather, clear.

Precipitation.

For 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Friday.

Victoria and vicinity—Fresh northerly winds, fair and cool, with local frosts at night.

Lower Mainland—North to northeast winds, fair and cool, with frosts at night.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

—Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street.

—Use Blue Ribbon Flavoring Extracts.

—LIPTON'S "FINEST" BACON at Jameson's, 33 Fort street.

—The Chilliwack railway connection scheme will be discussed this evening in Semple's Hall, Victoria West.

—Have you seen the \$1 per dozen Printed Cups and Saucers at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street?

—A special meeting of the Y.W.C.A. will be held on Oct. 14th at 2 p.m. for the election of new members for the board for the ensuing year.

—Grand display of the latest styles in Millinery at the Sterling, 83 Yates street.

—Don't you often hear it said that advertising is a fine art? You require the truth neatly and plainly put. When you hear that "HIND" Cigarettes are the best and purest on the market you have the best.

—Right Rev. Bishop Cridge officiated last evening at the wedding of Arthur Edward Haynes and Matilda Annie Hoal, which took place at 115 View street. Mr. and Mrs. Haynes left by the Islander this morning for the Mainland on the honeymoon trip.

—The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. Anna Weeks, of Yalling street, Spring Ridge. Deceased was a native of Cumberland, England, and aged 52 years. The funeral has been arranged for Saturday afternoon at 2:45 from the residence and at 3 o'clock from St. Barnabas church.

—The annual public meeting of the Y.W.C.A. will be held Saturday, October 14, at 3 p.m., in the Y.W.C.A. lecture room, 32 Rae street, when all reports for the year will be read and addresses delivered by the following clergymen: Bishop of Columbia, Rev. H. A. Barclay, Rev. J. G. Hastings, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, R.A. A cordial welcome is extended to all who are interested in association work.

—Yesterday at a meeting held by the Ladies' Aid of the First Congregational church, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. G. Herd; vice-president, Mrs. W. Scowcroft; secretary, Mrs. Pilgrim; treasurer, Mrs. W. McKay; executive committee, Mrs. Arthur, Mrs. Barrett, Mrs. Herd; visiting committee, for October and November, Mrs. Pilgrim and Mrs. Higginbottom.

—The funeral of the late Mr. Benjamin Evans is taking place this afternoon as the Times goes to press. Rev. Canon Bonald and Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, conducting the services, at Christ Church Cathedral. There is a large attendance of friends of the deceased, and the pallbearers are: Sir Henry P. P. Crease, Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, C. E. Pooley, M.P.P., D. M. Eberts, M.P.P., James W. Bond and Oscar C. Bass.

—The quarterly general meeting of the British Columbia Board of Trade, set for 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, promises to be unusually interesting.

The principal subjects for discussion will be: The advertising of Victoria, progress of mining throughout the province and the proposed Port Angeles ferry scheme. Mr. Hirschfeld-Cohen promises some interesting information regarding mining, and the advertising of Victoria and Port Angeles ferry scheme are subjects upon which every member of the board will have something to say. The members will also have an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon the new elevator, which will be running by to-morrow afternoon.

—Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street.

—Victoria Cafe, 51 Fort street.

—Superior hair removed by electrolysis. Electric Parlors, 114 Yates street.

—French lessons by Prof. A. Dumas, R.A., Paris University, 90 Douglas street.

—Deserters from the navy are suspected of having stolen a boat from Tait's boathouse.

—The cup and saucer social to be given by the Ladies' Aid of St. James's church will take place on Wednesday, October 12th.

—Two Indians were brought into the city police station this afternoon, charged with being drunk and the other with being in possession of an intoxicant.

—The decision of the British Columbia Electric Railway Co. to keep the nightingale current on at all times during the day when the dull weather makes artificial lighting necessary, will be much appreciated by all customers.

—Reduced rates to the East over the Northern Pacific Railroad effective September 12th; the second-class rate of Chicago will be reduced to \$46; second-class rates to all points east of Chicago will be reduced also. E. H. Blackwood, agent.

—A large number of tickets for the 401 to the navy have been disposed of, while the decorations and other preparations are rapidly being completed. There are every indications of the ball being a great success, as well as thoroughly enjoyable.

—The marriage of Mr. Henry Cummins and Miss Mary Birney, daughter of Mr. James Birney, took place last evening, Rev. W. Leslie Clay officiating. Miss Maggie Cummins acted as bridesmaid and Mr. James Birney, jr., supported the groom.

—Through the courtesy of Mrs. Gordon Grant, Mrs. S. M. Henry will address the mothers' meeting in Metropolitan church at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Mrs. Henry's address for Sunday afternoon at A. O. U. W. hall will be under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. of Victoria.

—Columbia District A. O. U. W. meeting will commence the K. of P. hall on Monday morning. In the evening there will be a joint session of Courts Vancouver and Northern Light, at which the delegates will be present. Tuesday evening will be the occasion of a grand banquet at the Metropole hotel, where a first-class bill of fare and an enjoyable programme will be gone through.

—Seattle Exposition; low rates. Dodwell & Co. announce that a special rate of a single fare for the round trip will be in effect during the Seattle Exposition. Good leaving on Tuesday and Friday mornings, returning on the following Friday and Monday nights. Full particulars can be obtained at Dodwell & Co., 64 Government street.

—Latest styles in Ladies' Caps, Jackets and Costumes at The Sterling, 83 Yates street.

—The George Woodthorpe Company played to another good house in A. O. U. W. hall last evening, the play being "The New Magdalen." The "Burglar" will be produced this evening. "The Wait of Smith's Pocket" to-morrow and the week will be wound-up with a specially elaborate production of "Michael Sirogon" on Saturday.

—The much-needed and long talked of weekly steamboat service between Victoria and Texada Island has been established by an unexpected means. Ore from the Mount Sicker mines is being shipped weekly to the Van Anda smelter and the City of Nanaimo now calls at the island on her regular trips to Comox.

—Mrs. Baker, widow of the late Thos. Baker, died yesterday at the residence of Mr. Joseph McNeil, No. 10 King street. Deceased was a native of Yorkshire, England, and was 79 years of age. A resident of North Sannich for many years, she has latterly resided with and been cared for by Mrs. McNeil, as she had no relatives in this country. The funeral is arranged for to-morrow afternoon at 2:30.

—The following is the programme of music to be rendered by the choir of the Church of Our Lord (R. C.) at the annual thanksgiving service this evening: Introit—"God is a Soldier"; Vincent, "People, Come"; "Praise Our God"; "Vesper—Now, Father, We Commend"; Stainer's Sevenfold Amen.

—This evening at the Victoria theatre, lovers of Charles Hoyt's peculiar method of producing mercurial wit will have an opportunity of passing judgment upon what has been heralded as this clever playwright's best and funniest work. The piece is entitled "A Black Sheep," and it comes with the endorsements of the leading critics of New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Chicago, where the piece enjoyed long and prosperous runs. "A Black Sheep" is said to be one of the most dexterous blendings of comedy, character music and specialties ever presented to the public. Its situations are side-splitting, and the dialogue is extremely keen, approaching now and then real Gilbertian drollery. A rippling stream of melody runs through the piece, broken only by the sharp turn of witty lines, and from beginning to end it forms a most captivating symphony of merriment and music. The principal characters are: The Arizona editor, a party especially written for Mr. Devere, and "Hot Stuff," which is played by George Allen. In all of Mr. Hoyt's plays there is a creation of this sort of travesty of peculiar individualities, but in this instance these characters are perhaps more familiar to the multitude and satirized with keener shaft of wit without sliding too deep into the regions of the grotesque. Upon none of his former productions has Mr. Hoyt exercised such care and judgment in selecting a cast.

THE SURVIVORS' STORY.

Crew of the Wrecked U.S. Ship John Arrive at the Willapa and Tell of Their Experiences.

The officers and men of the wrecked barkentine Uncle John, which went ashore on the West Coast on Saturday, arrived in the city on the Willapa this morning, and are at the Queen's. It is not yet known whether the vessel was off here, although United States Consul Smith is anxious they should be.

The crew of the vessel consists of Captain C. Henningson, Mate P. Bergman, Second Mate M. Svenson, Steward Y. Castens and W. Lauritzen, C. Fridman, Y. Christensen and Henry Shaw, seamen. Speaking today of the accident, the mate said: "On Saturday morning, about two o'clock, we sighted Cape Beale having had a small passage from Honolulu. We were then about seven miles off and it was foggy, but we could distinctly see the light. We did not see land again until noon, when it was decided to put three miles off. We stood off the coast again and had fished twice when the vessel struck. The current must have been twice as strong as we calculated upon, as we believed we were well off the shore, until we heard the breakers. The disaster occurred about seven o'clock on Saturday evening. I came on watch at four and remained on till six. I then went to my cabin and was changing my clothes. The weather was very thick when I went off watch and there was no sign of land.

"While I was changing my clothes, the captain rushed into my cabin and shouted, 'Come on deck; I hear the breakers.' The vessel must be on the beach. We then hurried back to the deck, although I could not see the rocks. I could see a line of breakers. I went to the foremast, where I saw the mate and the crew were coming up in the wind. The captain asked if the anchors were ready, and upon my replying that they were, ordered them to be let go. While I was obeying the order, the remainder were swinging and squaring the yards so that the vessel would head off shore. They succeeded, but at the same time the breeze dropped. The anchors held for a while, but there was a steady swell, and the chain ship rolled around the windlass, and in a few minutes the vessel struck.

"All we could see was a rock to leeward of the breakers. The vessel was in a bad way, and the mate and I were the only ones left to take to the boats. These were lowered in a very short time, the captain taking the chronometer and papers and I the log book. All of us entered the boat and lay alongside with the exception of the captain, who remained on deck. The small boat, however, soon began to break up, and we clambered on board the vessel, which by this time was thumping heavily on the rocks astern.

"I then took a look aft, and decided that by slacking the chain it would be safer for the ship. It being unsafe to remain aboard any longer we got off on the rocks, where we remained all night. The next day the wind sprang up from the northwest, raising the sea, and the anchor chain parting, the ship went on the beach. There was no way to reach the shore but by swimming, so at low water one of the crew carried a float and the mate and I went ashore. After a short struggle, the mate secured the line to a tree. We tightened it upon the rock and worked ashore on it one after another. The clothes were left on the rock and could not be got off until the next day.

"We tried to get aboard the ship again, but found it impossible, as she was working heavily and breaking her back. We bottom through which the water was pouring. Two of the crew managed to get one of the boats to the beach.

"On Monday evening the Willapa came along, and seeing us, lowered a boat which came as far as the breakers. One of the men I went on to the ship, the Willapa's mate advised us to go down the shore to the Indian village of Cloose and secure swashes to save our clothes.

"We asked him to report us as all well, and then started off in our boat for the village. Night was coming down, and every man had no shoes, there was no water in the boat, and we were forced to return.

"Next morning (Tuesday) five of us started by land to reach the village pushing our way through the bushes. At night we rested in a vacant building, and on Wednesday morning reached Cloose. The same day the remainder of the crew reached the place, and that evening we were picked up by the Willapa and brought to Victoria this morning."

Speaking of the vessel and of the trip Captain Bergman said she was a very strong ship and a good sailor. She was aged fourteen miles at the time of the loss. He believes she will be a total loss. She was owned by Vance, of Eureka, where she was built.

Capt. Henningson, in his statement to the John Arrive, said as follows:

"We left Honolulu, September 27, for Port Townsend. We had moderate trade winds to latitude 28 N., longitude 128 west. Then we got a fresh southwest by wind with clear and high barometer, which continued until approaching the Coast, when the wind hauled to the east, attended with fog and light rain. Friday, the 6th, at 2 a.m., we made Cape Beale light, bearing north, magnetic distant about 12 miles. We tacked ship to the southward for four hours, and then to the northward for two hours, and so on all day. At 11 a.m. we shortened sail, as it was blowing very hard from the E.S.E. with heavy rain and fog, which continued throughout the day. At 4:30 we tacked ship to the northward, as the wind hauled more to the southward. The vessel was heading on E.W.E. by compass, which course should have taken us four miles above Carasah light. At 6 p.m. we had made eight miles on the log, and I told the second mate that we could stand in all 8 p.m.

"I then went down in the cabin to look up the charts, when the second mate called me on deck as he thought he could hear something coming. I at once ordered all hands on deck, and we landed. The vessel was striking around, but the wind again dropping, we let our port anchor. A heavy swell, however, setting in on the rocks, the vessel struck with the stern. I ordered the boats launched over the side. All the crew got safely in a boat when she was broken in pieces, alongside. We clambered on board again. Finally the vessel swung alongside a large rock, where we succeeded in getting off the vessel. Next morning we got a line ashore, and by that succeeded in landing our effects and clothing on the beach. At 8 a.m., on Sunday the vessel swung broadside to the shore, where the surf kept driving her higher up on the beach, where she was gradually breaking up.

"The barkentine sails, contents and everything pertaining thereto will be sold at public auction at Hauler's sale rooms on Wednesday next."

SHIPPING NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WATERFRONT.

According to news received from Dutch Harbor, by the steamer sailing yesterday, the barkentine ship Uncle John, which was wrecked near that port, the steamer was overloaded when she left Puget Sound. Soon after passing out through the Straits of Juan de Fuca her troubles began. Her captain took the island passage, but that did not save the overloaded vessel. In the heavy weather she became unmanageable, and finally the captain had to put into a port of call and discharge some of his cargo. The ship was put out on the beach and a member of the crew left to keep watch over it. After discharging the lumber put to sea again, but the heavy weather continued, and the captain, finding that she was still overladen, put into Matlaketa, where he discharged a lot more of his cargo. After that the vessel seemed to be all right, but before she reached Dutch Harbor she went on a ledge of rock, and for a time it looked as though she was doomed. She, however, slid off the rocks and was towed to the beach, where she was secured by ropes. The captain was looking for the steamer "Chevrolet," now in the neighborhood of Cape Nome and St. Michael, and if he could charter her he would send her back after the goods put ashore on the way up. The action is now about over, however, and at Dutch Harbor she was not believed that the Chevrolet could get down to Matlaketa and back again before the ice closed in. The barkentine has been very unfortunate. A few years ago she was nearly wrecked off St. Michael, last year she went ashore on the narrows while leaving Vancouver, and now she is in trouble again.

Steamer Willapa arrived this morning from Clayoquot and way ports on the West Coast, bringing among her passengers the captain and crew of the wrecked barkentine Uncle John. Among the other passengers were H. W. Treat, H. McKenzie, J. M. Barker, W. F. McCreich, Mrs. Louisa, J. A. Costes, A. E. Waterhouse, G. H. Hayes, Mrs. Baird, H. Disher, Leacock and M. McClaren. She brought 884 cases of salmon from Clayoquot, consigned to Thos. Earle & Co.

Another quartette of sailing schooners arrived this morning, and two more are expected to arrive to-morrow. These which arrived this morning are the Victoria, Capt. Bakson; Zillah May, Capt. Baker; Postoffice and Enterprise. The Victoria brings the biggest catch that has yet reached port, 1,463 fish. The Zillah May has 929, the Enterprise 1,298 and Postoffice from an assault on the present arrivals the Victoria or the Mermaid will be top liner.

News was brought by the Willapa that the schooner Favorite, Otto, City of San Diego and Viva had reached Clayoquot before the schooner. The Favorite had 1,147, Otto 980, City of San Diego 920 and Viva 125.

The construction work on the Victoria Marine Railway is being carried on rapidly. They will be open for business on November 1st. For rates enquire at the yard or telephone No. 257.

British ship Waterloo came around to the outer wharf this afternoon to discharge cargo.

Steamer Prince of Wales will call for Nias and way ports on the 15th.

Steamer Queen City sailed for Skagway and way ports last evening.

We are showing all the latest styles and shapes in American Sailors and Walking Hats. The Sterling, 83 Yates street.

PORTLAND EXPOSITION.

Northern Pacific Railway has made a rate of \$11.00 Victoria to Portland and return, including two admissions to the exposition. Tickets on sale Tuesdays, Oct. 10th, 17th and 24th, good to return, leaving Portland following Mondays.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

Personal.

Mrs. Todd and daughter, of Union, are at the Dawson.

F. M. Rattenbury was a passenger from Vancouver on yesterday's Islander.

J. C. Devlin, representing Messrs. J. H. Todd & Son, was a passenger from Vancouver yesterday.

Wm. Devere, "camp poet," the leading man of Hoyt's "Black Sheep" company, and Den J. Haley are at the Dawson.

Among the home returning passengers on yesterday's Islander from Vancouver were: E. A. Maria, E. B. McKay, J. C. MacLure, Miss Perrin, and Mrs. Gordon Grant.

C. Dubois, Mason's city solicitor, came down from the North to Seattle yesterday, and arrived in the city by the Victoria this morning. Mr. Mason received a hearty welcome from his friends, and says that, although Allyn is all right, he is glad to be home again.

Major McCallum, of Toronto, who has been attending a meeting of the Foresters of Toronto, spent the day in the city, and leaves to-morrow for San Francisco, and thence to Mexico and Cuba. He reports that Forestry is steadily progressing everywhere, and is being introduced into new countries very rapidly. Mexico and Australia will be the next places visited.

Disposals in its worst forms will yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills, which only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Wm. Keller In Court.

Committed to Jail For One Month For an Aggravated Assault.

His Experience With the Police Officer—Other Minor Cases To-Day.

Wm. Keller monopolized most of the time of the police magistrate this morning, when he appeared in answer to a charge of aggravated assault upon Mrs. Captain Bebbington. The old man was in a state of great excitement, excited only by that of the prosecutor, whose nerves seemed to have received a terrible shock from the experience through which she passed.

Her statement, which she gave with great difficulty, owing to her agitation, was to the effect that on the evening of the assault she was standing at the corner of Simcoe street with her little girl, a child of eight years, when defendant approached, and muttered something about blackguards abusing him in his own house. Mrs. Bebbington replied that she knew nothing about it, whereupon Keller made use of a vile epithet and struck her twice in the face with his clenched fist. The little girl screamed, and attracted the attention of the guests at the Dallas hotel, and Keller withdrew. The little girl corroborated her mother's evidence. Mrs. Bebbington's face was swollen and her lip cut as the result of the encounter.

Keller, on the other hand, made a stirring attempt at cross-examination, ascribing the most horrible language to the lady concerned. He appealed to "Mary Ann," his wife, to corroborate his statements, which she did with great fidelity when she entered the witness box. In fact, she stated that her husband was only saved from an assault at the hands of Mrs. Bebbington by her dragging him away.

Constable Lewellyn told of visiting Keller's house to serve the summons, and of finding the door barricaded, and defendant standing with a gun within.

"Did you not want to break in on my door?" asked the defendant, and when answered in the negative, added, "You hammered hard enough then."

The police officer continuing to answer the defendant's questions in the negative, the latter said, "There's no use asking you any questions, when you know that black is no color at all."

In answer to Mr. Higgins, "Mary Ann" stated that her room place at "Government House."

She admitted her husband had a gun, but he never used it excepting "when he went shooting." He never carried a gun with him, nor did he ever fire his gun on Yates street.

Keller himself took the stand, and told of being disturbed by men knocking on his door, and of going out afterwards and meeting Mrs. Bebbington, who "gave him a punch under the eye." He didn't know why she struck him. He was perfectly innocent. The reasons why he didn't let the policeman in was because he was in bed and naked, and wasn't going to expose himself to the weather. He had shot the gun off at boys occasionally.

Then Chief Shepard took him in hand. "Didn't the late magistrate order you to bring the gun to my office?" "Yes, he did," replied Keller.

"Why didn't you do it then?" "Because it was the day thing I had to make a living out of."

"Do you make your living out of shooting boys?" The chief's humor was lost on Keller.

Keller was convicted, although he wanted time to "get a lawyer," an object which "Mary Ann" had been vainly endeavoring to accomplish, ever since his arrest.

"At the rate things are going on," the defendant observed, "they might as well take an axe and knock our brains out, as to leave that woman and child with out food or wood."

"Do you provide them with it now?" asked the court, and although he strenuously asserted that he did, the chief refuted the idea.

Notwithstanding Keller's remonstrances, the magistrate sentenced him to one month's imprisonment, the chief stating that he had received and perceived to such an extent that they were frightened to persecute him. A manly-looking stick of defendant's heavily weighted with a lead ferrule and nails, was produced in substantiation of Keller's dangerous character.

John Clark, for being drunk, was fined \$2.50 or five days' imprisonment, and Jim, an Indian, for the same offense, was fined \$5 and \$1 costs, or ten days' imprisonment.

Henri Montrose, arraigned for vagrancy, failed to appear and the customary warrant was directed to be issued.

Weller Bros. are prepared to beat carpets by their effective beating process. Send your orders before the general push.

St. Alice Water

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HOT SPRINGS OF HARRISON.

THORPE & CO., Ltd.

TELEPHONE 435. P. O. BOX 189

FOX'S

Sheffield Cutlery

Pocket Knives, Razors, Scissors, Carving Sets, Table Cutlery, Shears, etc.

See our Sheffield made stock, imported direct.

Government Street. Always buy the best.

JUST OPENED

POULTRY, FEED and PROVISION STORES.

3 and 5 STORE STREET

RAMLEY & SCOTT

Give us a call. Prices low.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

(Reported by F. S. TAGGART & Co.)

New York, Oct. 12.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Sugar	147 1/2	148 1/4	147 3/4	147 3/4
C. & M. C.	130	130 1/4	129 3/4	129 3/4
C. M. & S. P.	124 1/2	124 3/4	123 3/4	123 3/4
Manhattan	107 1/2	107 3/4	106 3/4	106 3/4
People's Gas	106 1/2	106 3/4	105 3/4	105 3/4
C. R. I. & P.	112 1/2	112 3/4	111 3/4	111 3/4
Am. Tobacco	122	122 1/4	121 3/4	121 3/4
A. T. & S. F. pfd.	62 1/2	62 3/4	62 1/4	62 1/4
U. P. pfd.	75 1/2	75 3/4	75 1/4	75 1/4
E. C. & L.	115 1/2	115 3/4	114 3/4	114 3/4
A. T. & S. F. com.	20 1/2	20 3/4	20 1/4	20 1/4
L. & N.	81 1/2	81 3/4	81 1/4	81 1/4
B. & O. pfd.	87 1/2	87 3/4	86 3/4	86 3/4
N. P. pfd.	74 1/2	74 3/4	74 1/4	74 1/4
E. P. com.	43 1/2	43 3/4	43 1/4	43 1/4
A. S. W. com.	55 1/2	55 3/4	55 1/4	55 1/4

Chicago Market.

UNDERWEAR.

For men has stood the test of time, and has not been found wanting. Three years ago we introduced it to the Victoria public with the positive assurance that it would give every satisfaction—and it has. Each season it has increased in popular favor, and no wonder.

It's Warmer than ordinary knit underwear.

It's Lighter " " " "

It's Softer " " " "

It won't stretch like " " " "

And will not irritate the most sensitive skin. Prices according to quality and finish, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50.

Universal Brotherhood

King of Sweden and Norway Attends a Reception at Stockholm.

Mrs. Katherine Tingley's European Tour a Remarkable Success.

Stockholm, Sept. 19.—The Universal Brotherhood organization, which about three months since held large public meetings in your city, has during the past month again secured its Brotherhood teachings in Europe.

Mrs. Katherine Tingley, the leader and official head of that organization, with the members of her cabinet and a number of others, has just held a Swedish congress in this city, and the party is now on a tour through Sweden, visiting the principal cities, on their way to England, where also a Universal Brotherhood congress will be held at Brighton, the principal watering place, on October 6 and 7.

The congress at Stockholm was largely attended, and created great interest among the most intelligent class of people. The Swedes are perhaps in advance of the other nations of Europe in physical and mental health, which makes them receptive to the simple but lofty basic truths taught by the Universal Brotherhood of organization.

At the closing assembly of the Swedish congress, His Majesty, Oskar II., King of Sweden and Norway, was present at a reception given by Katherine Tingley and her cabinet on the anniversary of his accession to the throne, where they were presented to the King. A pleasant feature of the reception was the presentation to His Majesty of a handsomely bound volume, "The Key to Theosophy," by R. P. Blavatsky, in which was inscribed:

"To OSKAR FRIEDRIK BERNADOTTE, King of Sweden and Norway."

"The great promoter of the principles of brotherhood and justice, this volume is presented as a token of their esteem by the members of the Universal Brotherhood in America."

The silk flags of Cuba and America, mounted on silver-tipped staves of American wood, held together by an esoteric bearing the coats of arms of these two countries, and by a cable-tow, and similarly inscribed, were also presented to His Majesty.

The King was highly pleased with the gift as an appropriate expression of the unity which should exist among all nations, and the blending thought of Universal Brotherhood. His stately figure, manly and courteous demeanor, impressed the observer with the feeling that he is not only a ruler, but also a royal and humanitarian brother.

Steno-graphic views of Point Loma, San Diego, Cal., the site of the school for the Spiritualist of the West, Mystery of Anti-Quity, which were presented as one of the features of the reception, greatly interested the King, especially the shores of the broad Pacific ocean, with its peaceful waves lapping the rock-ribbed Point.

For a moment he appeared to be lost in reverie in the peaceful grandeur of the scene; then, turning himself, he exclaimed, "It is magnificent." May it not be that for the moment he wished that he could relinquish the cares of state, and in touch with such grand phases of nature, remember that he was only a man among men?

A synopsis of the work done at the congress will be found in the following reports given in the Stockholm press:

(Stockholm's Dagblad, Sept. 9, 1899.)

The Universal Brotherhood meeting in the auditorium hall of the Academy of Science, last night, drew a very large attendance. Dr. G. Zander presided, the meeting being arranged for questions and answers. Mrs. Alice Cleather and Basil Crump, from London, members of the Wagner Society, furnished music on piano and organ.

The first question on the list was: "Is there any difference between the Theosophical doctrine and the teachings of Christ—not the church teachings—and if not, in what has Theosophy any advantage over Christianity?" The answer was given by Dr. Zander, who pointed out that there is no difference between Theosophy and the doctrine of Christ, from the standpoint of pure ethics. But that Theosophy gives also a scientific explanation of the relation of man to ethics, and shows the philosophical necessity for being ethical.

Dr. Kjelberg gave a reason for the necessity of realizing Brotherhood, especially at the present time, in the fact that the idea of Brotherhood constitutes an antidote to the animosity, the hatred, the bitterness, and separation which prevail on the mental plane, acting like a fever in the great organism of humanity.

The fourth question read as follows: "Is it possible that through a membership in the Universal Brotherhood and a study of the Theosophical teachings a clearer insight can be obtained into the dark riddles of life?" Major Oderschold answered this question in the affirmative. But he said, one must have an honorable disposition, an open mind, and humility of spirit if any real good is to come of membership in the organization.

Mr. Thurston, president of the American Screw Company, member of the Universal Brotherhood, answered the fifth question, which had for its object to ask: "Whether the heart can be an agent for intelligence?" He answered it in the affirmative; but the heart must not only be looked at from a mechanical point of view, but as a centre for the entire man.

The question of the possibility of seeing and recognizing our friends after death was answered by Mrs. Tingley, who in a short but forceful and eloquent address, called the attention of the audience to the fact that "we are souls," and that in this fact lies the whole answer, the whole explanation, the whole necessity for the returning of souls to earth, to be reunited with the factors of former lives, with the souls we loved, with whom we suffered, whom we helped or by whom we had been helped.

The difference between consciousness and self-consciousness was explained by Mr. Patterson. The argument he used was to the following effect: In the same way as we each one of us possess a head, yet have never been able to see it except by reflection in a mirror, so in like manner self-consciousness is only attainable through the individuality reflecting itself in nature and in humanity. Learning to see oneself as a part of the world and of humanity is self-consciousness. Mr. Patterson is the chief of a large American hardware company, and besides deeply interested in the great practical enterprises of the Universal Brotherhood.

Dr. Kjelberg denied that Theosophy taught a return to identicality the same conditions—a circular movement like an unbroken periphery, in which conditions would repeat each other as they had been before. The circle would not admit of any advancement, but the spiral does, and therefore the symbol of all true development is the spiral movement.

A few other Theosophists spoke on the pilgrimage of the soul, on duty and on the destiny of the soul. The meeting concluded with singing.

Besides the above mentioned foreigners on the staff of Mrs. Tingley, there were Mr. Neresheimer, director in a large American cable company, and treasurer-general of the Universal Brotherhood of organization; and Mr. Pierce, head of a large engineering company in New York. Mr. Pierce is also representative of the school for the revival of the lost mysteries of antiquity, and a very high Free Mason.

To judge by the leading lights of the movement it would seem to have a pretty good financial basis. The meeting to-morrow will be attended by His Majesty King Oskar.

(From the Dagbladet Nyheter, Stockholm, September 19, 1899.)

UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD CONGRESS IN SWEDEN.

The King at a Meeting of Theosophists. The congress of the Universal Brotherhood held in this city during the last week was concluded yesterday evening by a public meeting, which was honored by the presence of the King. It was held in the great hall of the Royal Academy of Music, which had been tastefully decorated with white draperies, adorned with garlands of autumn leaves and flowers. In the middle of the platform was placed a large white screen, surrounded by groups of palm trees, for the projection of the lantern slide pictures.

The King was accompanied by his ordinary suite, among whom was noticed General Count Lagerberg, Baron Amarscron, and other high court functionaries. The hall was well filled with the public. The King took his seat near the platform, and then a young lady, arrayed in a beautiful Greek costume, came down to him from the platform and presented to him on a tray adorned with flowers a book (H. P. Blavatsky's "Key to Theosophy"), beautifully bound in purple morocco.

After a musical selection on the piano and organ, from behind the screen, was shown a series of lantern slides from Point Loma, that wonderfully beautiful place on the coast of California, where the United Brotherhood organization has established a colony for the purpose of training, physically, mentally, and spiritually, the young generation who will be sent there to be educated from all parts of the globe. The pictures aroused great interest, the King especially by his numerous remarks and questions showing that his interest was greatly aroused. He also

Joy to say this quickly
"When blue brew
Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea"

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When the lantern slides had been shown, the King took his leave, shaking hands with Mrs. Tingley and her chief confidential advisers. The public remained to hear three addresses given in English. Mrs. Tingley, in her short address, presented several truths, such as the necessity of man to know himself, and other well known but overlooked teachings. Mr. Crump spoke of the dramatic art and its power of educating man to a higher morality, which had been the aim of the great Masters in antiquity and more modern times. He described the performance of the Eumenides of Aeschylus, given in the open air at Point Loma. Mrs. Cleather spoke about the education of children along new lines. The addresses were of great interest, and were listened to with much appreciative applause.

(From Svenska Dagbladet, Sept. 19, 1899.)

The meeting of the Universal Brotherhood, which took place last night in the great hall of the Academy of Music, was attended by the King and his suite, and a numerous public that nearly filled the hall. On account of the royal visit, very tasteful decorations had been made. On the platform, on both sides of the big white screen, where the lantern pictures were to be projected, palms and other exotic plants had been placed, and the screen itself was bordered by garlands of evergreen. Most strikingly pretty was the decoration of the front of the platform and the double stair leading up to it, all being covered, as also the floor of the platform, with a beautiful velvet-like white stuff, arranged with garlands of many-colored, gorgeously green, red and yellow autumn leaves, running in festoons at the upper side.

After the King had arrived and taken his place, at the same time inviting Mrs. Tingley to sit at his right hand, a musical selection was rendered by players behind the screen, and then Mr. T. Hedlund showed some of the lantern slides, which had been exhibited before at the Academy of Sciences, with the addition of some symbolic pictures. The King seemed to be very interested, and conversed in English with Mrs. Tingley, asking her for explanations about the pictures, etc. At the end of this part of the programme he left. Then an address was given by Mrs. Tingley on the Teachings of Theosophy.

She said there were no mysterious, properly speaking, but had only seemed so to the populace of antiquity. The olden time culture, which had developed those "mysteries," was considerably more ancient than we commonly thought. Now-days, people were beginning to realize that the cradle of human culture had been located, not from thence it had passed over to Egypt, and from the latter to Greece and to us.

After this Mr. Crump and Mrs. Cleather spoke about art and that department of the Universal Brotherhood organization which was devoted to art—the "Isis League of Music and Drama."

The meeting concluded with a musical selection, "The Death of Siegfried," from the "Dawn of the Gods," by Wagner.

THE KING AND THE IDEAL CITY AT POINT LOMA, SAN DIEGO, CAL.

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THE KING AND THE IDEAL CITY AT POINT LOMA, SAN DIEGO, CAL.

TRANSPORTATION.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE 34.

NORTH BOUND.

	D.P.	Est.	Run.
L.Y. Victoria	9:00	4:25	2:00
Ar. Goldstream	9:28	4:53	2:28
Ar. Glenora	10:00	5:24	3:00
Ar. Shawinigan Lake	10:34	5:58	3:34
Ar. Cobble Hill	10:23	5:48	3:22
Ar. Duncan	10:48	6:15	3:47
Ar. Chemainus	11:37	6:44	4:15
Ar. Nanaimo	12:14	7:41	5:15
Ar. Wellington	12:40	7:55	5:30

Excursion Tickets

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A. DUNSMUIR, President. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

Canadian Development Co., Ltd.

H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Managing Director.

BENNETT LAKE AND UPPER YUKON ROUTE

THROUGH WINTER SERVICE

TO

ATLIN, DAWSON and

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Winter stations and hotels have been established and equipped by the Company along the new Government Winter Road, effecting a saving of distance of two miles between Dawson City and the Coast.

A regular through weekly service will be maintained during the winter for the carriage of mails, passengers and express. The rates will be the most complete possible and no effort will be spared to furnish a prompt and satisfactory service.

For rates and reservations apply at the General Offices, 32 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, or to

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FRED. P. MEYER, Gen. Agent, 105-107 Street, Seattle, Wash.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

For San Francisco.

The company's elegant steamships Queen, Walla Walla and Unadilla, carrying H. B. M. mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C., S. P. on

Oct. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B. C., on Oct. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Nov. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Dec. 2, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA. LEAVE SEATTLE 9 A.M. Cottage City, Oct. 12, 27, Nov. 11, 26. City of Topeka, Oct. 7, 22, Nov. 6, 21. Alaska, Oct. 2, 17, Nov. 11, 26. For passengers and freight.

For further information about rates, without previous notice, steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RUTHER & CO., Agents, Victoria, B. C.

J. F. TROWBRIDGE, Puget Sound Supt., GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., San Francisco.

O.R. & N.

AND

Oregon Short Line

LOWEST RATES.

SHORTEST ROUTE.

Seattle to all points East and Southeast, via Portland, Salt Lake City and Denver. Fast sleepers and free reclining chair cars; steam heat, electric light.

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RICHARD HALL, Agent, 100 Government street, R. B. COLLIER, Gen. Agent, Seattle.

W. A. MULBERT, G.P.A., Portland.

Agency Atlantic S.S. Lines

ORDERS ISSUED FOR PASSAGE FROM GREAT BRITAIN OR THE CONTINENT.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.

100 Government Street.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

75 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

SS. Victorian

Connecting at Seattle with overland Daily

C. WURTELL, General Agent.

TRANSPORTATION.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED.)

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 45—Taking Effect September 1, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock a.m., Sunday, 11 p.m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, at 1 p.m., or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE. Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Louisa Island—Sunday at 11 o'clock Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2, going east Monday. For Pinner Pass—Wednesday and Friday at 1 o'clock. For Pender and Morisy

Provincial News.

CASCADE CITY.

Cascade is recovering from the calamity experienced, when a complete block of buildings was burned to the ground, including many two and three-story frame structures. Fortunately, although six hotels were destroyed, no distress was occasioned, as there were still several left, and none of the supply stores happened to be in the burned section. One of the hotels burned out is already doing business once more, and one or two others are likely to resume.

WINDERMERE.

The crops throughout the valley will be better this fall than they have been for years.

Two new saw mill plants will shortly be installed in the district, one at Peterborough, the other at Boulder creek bridge.

A large hotel is being erected at Peterborough, the new townsite.

Buildings are springing up in all directions throughout the district, especially at Canterbury, Windermere, Atholmer and Peterborough townsite.

VANCOUVER.

Mr. A. E. Beck, Supreme Court registrar, has received word that he has been appointed deputy registrar of the District Administrative Court. The appointment was made at Ottawa by an order in council.

The corporation of North Vancouver is submitting a by-law to the voters of the district, for the purpose of obtaining the necessary sanction to raise \$12,000 to be used in purchasing and operating a ferry between this city and North Vancouver.

Mr. McLagan, on the important subject of improved communication, with Skagway, informed member of the Board of Trade at the last meeting that he understood that there was a movement on foot to build two steamers in the city, to be used on the regular service to Skagway. He thought the board should take the matter up and assist, so far as possible. The City Council would be asked to lend aid also. Referring to Mr. C. E. Oswald's proposition, it was all right in its way, but was too indefinite. As to the scheme he had first referred to, the steamers could be finished in time for the opening of navigation in the spring, and he was assured that plans and specifications were already under consideration. No action was taken on the matter, and the board adjourned.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Word has been received here that a fishing boat, belonging to some Japanese, was found bottom up near Stevenson on Tuesday morning. No particulars were given as to who composed the crew, or when and where the boat was overturned.

The wedding took place on Monday evening at the residence of Mr. Rees, Fifth avenue, of Mr. Edward R. Stinchcombe and Miss Ruth Isabella Gamble. Rev. Thomas Scouler officiated. Both bride and bridegroom have been residents of this city for some time, and are connected with the asylum staff.

In reference to the regulation fatal accident on Saturday on Front street, opposite the ferry landing, recorded in Sunday's issue, the Columbian says that Conductor Starrett states that the report that his train was going at a 15-mile speed was incorrect. He says positively that the speed was at the rate of four miles per hour, the regulation speed through the city, and that the engine and eight coaches had passed the ferry shed before the buggy backed out, and was caught by the second last car. Mr. Starrett states that the trainmen are very careful when passing this crossing. He strongly recommends a gate be placed at this necessary dangerous place, as accidents may occur at any time, wholly unpreventable by the trainmen.

NELSON.

Ald. Hillier's motion by-law came up at the last meeting of the City Council. Ald. Rees moved that the by-law be read six months from date. This was seconded by Ald. McKillop and resulted in another tie, but Mayor Neelands this time gave his vote for the by-law. It was then advanced through to its third reading upon the same vote. Ald. Rees's by-law for closing the barber shops on Sunday was then taken up. Ald. Fletcher started the opposition to this and received the cordial support of Ald. Hillier. The six months' hiatus was again moved and resulted in a tie, but the mayor voted for the by-law and saved it. When it was committed, Ald. Hillier endeavored to secure an amendment permitting barber shops to remain open on Sundays between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock in the forenoon. This resulted in a tie, and Ald. Fletcher challenged the right of the chairman to give the deciding vote. This led to some hot words between Ald. Rees and Ald. Fletcher. The chairman decided against Ald. Fletcher and the by-law was reported complete and received its third reading.

Messrs. Alexander Stewart and Sergeant of Turner, Beeton & Co., are able to be about again, having recovered from typhoid, and were receiving the congratulations of their numerous friends.

ROSSLAND.

The new tramway which is to be used in shipping the big second-class ore dump of the Le Roi is being put together. It is stated that after the ore in question has been shipped to Northport the tramway will be turned over to the Number One and the Josie and used as part of the transportation plant for these properties.

The Hall-Mines, Limited, of Nelson, have just closed a contract with Mr. James D. Sward for a new steel wire tramway rope 50,000 feet in length. This rope is of a high grade steel, and has a breaking strain of nearly 70 tons, and weighs about 35 tons. It is to replace the old cable, and will be specially manufactured for the work required. This will be the fourth cable used at the mine, each cable lasting an average of a year.

It is not improbable that the opening of the building season next spring will see work begun on a new hotel. On Saturday last Mr. J. B. Johnson sold to Messrs. McMillan Bros. lot 3, in block 50, for \$1,500 cash. Messrs. McMillan

Bros. already owned the two lots adjoining, which are situated at the southeast corner of St. Paul and Columbia avenue, and with this third lot they now have a good property 90x100, on which a large and handsome structure can be erected. An English syndicate will probably be interested in the project by Mr. A. J. McMillan when he goes to the Old Country during the winter. The scheme involves the building alongside or in connection with the hotel of an opera house, which will add still further to its commendable features.

The annual meeting of the Liberal Association was held on Monday evening at Beatty's hall. The chair was occupied by Dr. Sinclair and there was a large attendance. The question of an additional clerk in the customs house was also considered, and when Mr. Bostock reaches here the absolute need for additional aid will be placed before him and no doubt the representations will bear fruit.

The election of officers then took place and resulted as follows: Hon. president, Sir Wilfrid Laurier; hon. vice-president, H. Bostock, M.P.; president, W. Hart-McHarg; first vice-president, C. O. Lalonde; second vice-president, A. J. McMillan; third vice-president, J. A. McDonald; secretary-treasurer, Thomas Parker; executive committee, Dr. Kerr, Wilson Typner, Henry Roy, Dr. Sinclair, J. P. McCrae, A. H. Dutton and J. H. Robinson.

In taking the presidential chair, Mr. W. Hart-McHarg made a forcible speech, in which he reviewed the political situation in the district. Dr. Sinclair, the retiring president, also made an address.

The Columbia and Western railway is nearly into Greenwood. The cost of the road has been something enormous, but it has been pushed right along despite financial expenditures and as a result the boundary will have railway facilities this fall. The average cost of the present system has been \$30,000 per mile, or \$3,000,000 for the entire road. In places it has exceeded that average immensely. For two miles along McTear creek, just west of the summit, the roadbed is cut almost entirely out of a solid rock bluff, which had to be blasted away for a height of 50 or 60 feet in order to make room for the track. The cost of that section was \$200,000, or \$100,000 per mile. The main tunnel at the head of Dog creek will probably be cut through by the first of the year. The cost of driving the tunnels is a surprise to most mining men. The huge holes, 18 feet high and 12 feet wide, have cost only \$48 a foot. Cheap labor and the size of the tunnels have cut down the price of the work to the minimum. The Record.

The Times is requested to publish the following: All men who are nervous and debilitated or who are suffering from any of the various troubles resulting from overwork, excess or youthful errors, are aware that most medical firms advertising to cure these conditions cannot be relied upon. Mr. Graham, a resident of London, Ont., living at 4574 Richmond street, was for a long time a sufferer from above troubles and after trying in vain many advertised remedies, electric belts, etc., became almost entirely discouraged and hopeless. Finally he confided in an old clergyman who directed him to an eminent skillful physician, through whose skillful treatment a speedy and perfect cure was obtained.

Knowing to his own sorrow that so many poor sufferers are being imposed upon by quackery, Mr. Graham has decided to help his fellow-men by the benefit of his experience and assist them to a cure by informing anyone who will write to him in strict confidence where to be cured. No fee can be given to those writing out of mere curiosity but any one who really needs a cure is advised to address Mr. Graham as above.

HONEST ADVICE FREE TO MEN.

French Colonies.

Are to Be Placed Under Civil Authority.

The result of treaty of military officers.

(Associated Press.) Chicago, Oct. 12.—A special cable to the Chicago Tribune from Paris says the cabinet today voted to place all French colonies under civil authority, and to abolish military administration. The reform was proposed by the Minister for the Colonies, and is a direct outgrowth of the energy and oppression of natives by military authorities.

SLIDING DOWN HILL.

(Associated Press.) Butte, Mont., Oct. 12.—The startling fact has become evident that for several weeks a large portion of the city of Butte has been sliding down hill. The evidence of it is seen on a number of large buildings and residences, including the county court-house and residence of United States Senator W. A. Clark, which have been cracked and fissured. Geologists express the opinion that the buildings named are located on a seam of rock or earth, along which a "creep" is taking place.

Bloodlessness

Or as doctors say "Anemia," is cured by using

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

An anemic person is usually weak, listless and pale. He gets out of breath on slight exertion, the pulse is rapid and weak, and sleep is often disturbed. The feet and hands are usually cold, the ankles swollen at nights, and there is puffiness under the eyes in the morning.

Since the cause of anemia is the poor quality of blood, or in other words, lack of red corpuscles in the blood, it stands to reason that a cure can only be effected by making the blood rich and healthy. No remedy has ever proved so successful as a treatment for anemia as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. It contains in pill form the elements which are lacking in the anemic person. It cures new red corpuscles in the blood, and positively cures anemia and all diseases arising from thin, watery blood and exhausted nerves. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food 50 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

MUNYON'S Improved Homeopathic REMEDIES SAVES DOCTORS' FEES

The Munyon Remedies are not instantly, giving relief after the first two or three doses and effecting a rapid cure even in the most obstinate cases. There is a separate Munyon remedy for each disease and each case has plain directions, so there can be no mistake. If you are ailing get Munyon's Guide to Health from your nearest druggist. It will describe your disease and tell you how to cure yourself with a 25-cent Munyon Remedy. If you do this you can cure rheumatism, take Munyon's Rheumatism Cure. If you have kidney trouble, take Munyon's Kidney Cure. If you have catarrh, take Munyon's Catarrh Cure. If you have a cold or a cough, take Munyon's Cough Cure, and so on. No matter what disease you can be absolutely certain of a cure if you take the remedy recommended in the "Guide." Where you can't find a personal letter to Professor Munyon, 1500 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., will be answered, with free medical advice for any disease.

At all druggists, 25c a bottle. Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1500 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

Transvaal War Area

Some Interesting Particulars Regarding Towns and Forts in South Africa

Where the Fighting Is Likely to Occur—Places Famous in History.

According to the generality of misinformed newspapers, the casual reader is usually led to believe that Pretoria is the capital of the Transvaal. This is not the case. True, it is the seat of government, but the actual official capital is Potchefstroom, a quiet village nestled in willow trees on the bank of the Mol river. The place has its record in history, too. During the war of 1881 a number of British residents were shot to death here, and the place has since been a scene of terrible privations were there and many men, women and children died. To-day it is one of the chief tobacco producing districts of the Transvaal, and a true Dutch Sleepy Hollow.

What is to be said about Johannesburg that has not been told and retold time and again? In some ways it is the most remarkable and romantic town on earth, inasmuch as within ten short years it has risen from a dozen tin shanties and a bank kept in a tent, to a city of magnificent streets, with churches, clubs, shops, galathea residences, trams, carriages and everything pertaining to a "live white man's town."

It never had any real "mining camp" stage. That is to say, it was never "Bret Hart's" in the accepted Coleridgean manner. From the very first, when it took five days to trek from Kimberley in a sort of "Deadwood" coach, with six teams of mules, it was always a busy, settled community of working folk. Gambling went on, of course, both on "Change, on the racecourse and elsewhere. But legitimate gold mining was the real business of every earnest workman, was he capitalist or engine driver. The climate of Johannesburg is unsurpassed anywhere in the world.

Johannesburg is nearly 6,000 feet over the sea-level, and the air is so rarified that the mere act of living is an exhilarating joy. Consumptives have been cured there long before the air cure was talked about in Europe. One can do twice the amount of work there than elsewhere. Wounds heal more quickly, and coughs and colds come and go with surprising facility. It is never too hot or too cold. The sun is always shining in a cloudless blue sky, and it is in all ways a place where every prospect pleases and only man is vile.

The output of gold is of a value of over twenty million pounds sterling a year, and the number of fortunes made there has been very greatly exaggerated. Pretoria is rather an idyllic sort of place, if it were not for the inhabitants. It is 1,500 feet lower than Johannesburg and about thirty-six miles distant therefrom. It is hotter by far, being a valley, surrounded by great ranges of hills. The Apples river flows through it. Its streets are divided from the houses by rose hedges, which bloom for eight months of the year. Down either side of the main streets are little rivulets or gutters of water, across which one steps on a battered stone.

Wakenstroom is now a Boer laager, and a very safe one too, as it is surrounded on three sides by towering mountains, and protected on the fourth by a large viaduct, which is very full in summer, and hardly dry even in mid-winter. This place was besieged in 1881, and some of the inhabitants had the greatest difficulty in escaping. The Boers dropped bullets down from the heights above, and did a lot of damage, picking off cattle in the village and killing many men and women. Owing to its proximity to the Natal frontier it may be the scene of some of the fiercest fighting, if trouble there is to be.

In the Malmeld district and near the Marico river is Zwerst, which can hardly be dignified by even the name of a village. It is a scattered hamlet of a few huts, but it is the centre of a very beautiful Boer country. The farmers are fire-eaters to a man. Jameson and his ill-fated column passed through here on his march from Pitsani, and Zwerst, being only a few miles from the Bechuanaland border, it is possible that retaliation may take place here if the Boers get out of hand. The Fort Matati Port Station, on the border, is well fortified, and a large camp, which is faced by a fairly strong force of Portuguese troops.

Swaziland is a Boer protectorate. It was handed over in 1894 to the Transvaal by a special convention. The capital is Bulwer's, the telegraph wire ends here. The Swazis, though nominally subjects of the Boers, are their bitter opponents, and may give trouble some day. At Bulwer, the British, under General Pearson, sustained a memorable siege after the disaster of Lamadibwana, in 1897. It was the campaign the defence of Rorke's Drift saved Natal. The Zulu impi were finally crushed at Ulundi.

The siege of Natal is more analogous to the Transvaal than Cape Colony, its British southern indeed being very strongly marked. Durban, named after the former governor, Sir Benjamin D'Urban, is the chief port, and one of the best harbours on the east coast. It is a fine city, and its harbor is, however, the capital.

Neither of these towns would be seriously affected by hostilities as Ladysmith and Newcastle, the former being the site, in peace time, of a large British camp, while the latter would probably be the base of operations, as it was in 1881.

To the north of Newcastle lie the three battlefields, or rather, skirmish fields, in which the British sustained defeat in 1881. Majuba; Laing's Nek, and the Ingogo Heights.

Chatsworth is a small border town, and no serious attempt would be made to defend it in case of war. The correspondents at Johannesburg and Pretoria who do not wish to have their telegrams withheld or altered by the Boer government, send their messages by train to Charlesburg, above mentioned, and there have them put on the wire.

To the northwest of Ladysmith is Van Rensburg's Pass, 5,500 feet high, by which, in case the Orange Free State joined the Transvaal in warlike operations, one British force would probably invade the former country, while another crossed in to the latter at Laing's Nek.

Banfontein is a British protectorate, its capital being Maseru, near to which is Thaba Bosigo, where the Basutos long defied the Dutch with success. In the event of war the Orange Free State would have to maintain 10,000 men along the Basuto frontier in order to prevent any incursion by the natives, whom it would be almost impossible for the British to keep in check, so great is their animosity towards the Dutch.

Bloemfontein, the capital of the Orange Free State, a quiet and pleasant rural centre, contains about 5,000 residents, half that number being whites. It was here Sir A. Milner had his famous conference with President Kruger this year. At Jagersfontein, slightly to the south, are the well known diamond mines. The Orange Free State, going northwards, is Kimberley, the headquarters of the diamond industry. Small forces of British troops are stationed all along the border.

At Punters Streams, where the Mafeking railway crosses the Vaal river, a body of police have been stationed to prevent the railway being blocked in case of an attack. Such a step on the part of the Boers would cut off all rapid communication with the north.

At Taunus Sir Charles Warren erected a fort during the Bechuanaland expedition, which crushed the Boer trek into Goshen.

Vryburg and Mafeking are both very important trade centres. At Ramathlabana, Colonel Baden Powell's special force was, until quite recently, established. It has since moved slightly to the south, owing to lack of water. From Pitsani Potluno Dr. Jameson's march to Johannesburg started. It ended disastrously at Krugersdorp. London Daily Mail.

"THE LOSS OF GOOD IS GREAT."

The loss of health is more. Health is lost by neglecting to keep the blood pure, but it is regained by purifying, enriching, and restoring the blood with the great health restorer, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands who thought health had been forever lost, have been made perfectly well by taking Hood's great medicine. Your experience may be the same.

HOOD'S PILLS are gentle, yet always effective.

FINANCIAL CRISIS IN ITALY.

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 12.—A special despatch from Rome says the position of the Italian house, which has been serious for some time, resulted in a veritable crash to-day. Several banks and large firms are in a serious condition. The amounts involved are estimated at some hundred millions of lire.

DISAPPEARED!

Kidney Pains All Gone. What Did It? Doan's Kidney Pills. How Do You Know? A Kingston Man Says So.

Mr. W. J. Pappa, 112 Broad Street, Kingston, Ont., writes as follows: "Having been troubled with kidney disease for years, and not having received any permanent relief until I used Doan's Kidney Pills, I take great pleasure in letting others similarly afflicted know of the wonderful curative properties possessed by Doan's Pills. Before taking them I was troubled at night by having to rise, but now sleep, and do not feel any more in the morning. I hope that this may help other sufferers from kidney or urinary troubles to give Doan's Kidney Pills a faithful trial, for I know that as they have helped me so well as they did my case."

Doan's Kidney Pills are the only sure cure for Backache, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, and all Kidney and Urinary troubles. Price 50c. All druggists. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont. Ask for Doan's and refuse all others.

A BARGAIN 4 Lots Oak on Bay Avenue. SWINERTON & ODDY. \$600.00

NOLTE GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE. FORT ST.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children; giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria. "Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children." Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF Charles H. Fletcher. APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

J. Piercy & Co. Wholesale Dry Goods. 25, 27, 28, 29 Yates Street. VICTORIA, B.C.

Charles Hayward. Funeral Director and Embalmer. Government street, Victoria.

"BIRKS' DIAMONDS" Are known the high quality throughout Canada and elsewhere; the firm having hundreds of customers scattered all over the United States and Canada who make large purchases year after year. Henry Birks & Sons confine themselves to high grade exclusively and carry the largest stock of mounted and unmounted gems in the country. The economy of such wholesale buying makes every sale they make. It is perfectly safe ordering by mail. On receipt of the amount the firm will send the best possible for the price and refund the money in full should the article fail to please. Write for illustrated catalogue.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of the Quigling Titles Act, and— In the matter of the Northern part 11380 feet of subdivision (7) of Town Lots (4) and (5) and Block (4) and the Northern part 11380 feet of subdivision (8) of Town Lots 10023 and 10024 Block (4) in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, formerly the property of Nicola Caspersen Mathiesen or his heirs.

Whereas, by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, dated the 14th day of August, 1890, made upon the petition of Charles Hayward, it was directed that a declaration of title do issue to the petitioner declaring him to be the sole and beneficial owner in fee simple in possession of the lands above mentioned, unless a statement of adverse claim be filed in the office of the Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, within three months from the date of the said order, and that any person having or pretending to have any title or interest in the above lands, or any part thereof, is required within three months from the date hereof to file a statement of his claim with the Registrar of the Supreme Court at Victoria, pursuant to the above act, and that in default of such statement a declaration of title as in the said order directed will issue to the said Charles Hayward.

Dated the 10th day of August, 1895.

YATES & BAY, Solicitors for the Petitioner.

CERTIFICATE OF THEIR AIDMENT.

LATCHBROOK AND STARR MINING CLAIMS.

Situate in the Claydon Mining Division of the District of Columbia, British Columbia, Telford Inlet, Claydon. Take notice that I, Charles Hayward, being the owner of the above claim, do hereby intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvement for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvement.

Dated this 2nd day of September, 1895.

SEAMEN'S INSURANCE STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B.C. OPEN FROM 9 P.M. TO 10 P.M. The Institute is "free for the use of Sailors and shipping generally." It is well supplied with papers and a temperance bar. Letters may be sent here to wait ships. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

NOTICE To Dealers in Coal and Wood

Separate sealed tenders will be received by the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of Wednesday, 18th October, for supplying 100,000 lbs. more (2,500 tons) of the best hard lump coal for steam furnace, screened sack coal and washed run coal, to be inspected and approved of, and to be delivered at the rate of 100,000 lbs. per week. The coal and wood to be delivered and stored in the boiler-room of the Parliament Buildings, James Bay, at the Law Courts, Hastings Square, or at Government House, as may be directed. The person tendering must state the price per ton of coal and the name of the mine, and per cord of wood, and the contractor will be required to furnish satisfactory security for the faithful performance of the contract. The lowest and any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

W. S. GORE, Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works. Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 9th October, 1895.

\$500 REWARD. MURDER.

The Government of British Columbia hereby offers a Reward of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) to the person or persons who will furnish such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on the night of the 25th day of September last, murdered Mrs. Agnes Bings on the Indian Reserve, in the City of Victoria, British Columbia. By order: F. S. HUSSEY, Superintendent Prov. Police, Provincial Police Department, Victoria, B. C., Oct. 5th, 1895.

\$500 REWARD.

The Government of British Columbia hereby offers a Reward of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) to the person or persons who will furnish such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on the morning of October 1st, last, committed an assault upon Michael Powers at this City, from the effects of which he died on the 5th inst. By order: F. S. HUSSEY, Superintendent Prov. Police, Provincial Police Department, Victoria, B. C., Oct. 5th, 1895.

\$250 Reward. The Corporation of the City of Victoria hereby offers the sum of \$250 for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who caused the death of the late Michael Powers, of this city, on the fifth day of October last, by committing an assault upon him on the 1st day of October last. By order: WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C., Victoria, B. C., Oct. 11th, 1895.

\$250 Reward. The Corporation of the City of Victoria hereby offers the sum of \$250 for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who caused the death of the late Michael Powers, of this city, on the fifth day of October last, by committing an assault upon him on the 1st day of October last. By order: WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C., Victoria, B. C., Oct. 11th, 1895.

In the Matter of the Goods of Michael Powers, Deceased, Intestate, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF MICHAEL POWERS, DECEASED, FIDELITY ADMINISTRATORS ACT. Notice is hereby given that under an order granted by Mr. Justice Drake, dated the 9th day of October, 1890, the undersigned was authorized to take charge of all the property, estate and effects of the above named deceased, and in pursuance of the said order I hereby call upon the widow, or next of kin of any of the said deceased resident in the Province of British Columbia, to put forward a claim to administer the estate of the said deceased. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, Official Administrator.

In the Matter of MORRIS MOSS, DECEASED AND IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF MORRIS MOSS, DECEASED, FIDELITY ADMINISTRATORS ACT.

Notice is hereby given that I have, according to the provisions of the Probate and Executors Act, this day filed in the office of the Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia at Victoria, a declaration of the last will and testament of the above named Morris Moss, deceased, and a full declaration in the said City of Victoria.

The said declaration was made by me on the 7th day of October, 1895. A meeting of the creditors of the above named deceased will be held at the office of Yates & Bay, 22, Hastings Street, Victoria, on Monday, the sixteenth instant, at three p. m.

Dated at Victoria this 7th day of October, 1895.

STUART YATES, Administrator of the Estate of Morris Moss, Deceased.

ANDREW SHERET, Plumber.

192 FORT ST. C. H. Sheret Telephone 100. Gas, Steam and Sewer Pipe Fitting.

Jury Will Go to Sooke

Conflicting Evidence in Armour Case Renders Visit Necessary.

Witnesses Testify that the Girl Had a Bad Reputation.

The trial of James Armour on the charge of seduction seemed likely to come to an abrupt termination in the Assize Court yesterday afternoon. Crown Counsel Belyea having closed the case for the prosecution, Mr. Powell for the defence asked his lordship to instruct the jury to dismiss the accused on the ground that no evidence had been given by the wordings of the indictment. Mr. Belyea objected, as the evidence given by the doctor, by the girl's mother and by the girl herself was sufficient to prove the previous chastity of the girl. Mr. Powell relied upon the fact that the girl had a bad reputation, and an adjournment of half an hour was granted to allow him to produce them.

On the court re-assembling Mr. Powell quoted from some decisions bearing on the subject, but had been unable to lay his hands upon the particular one upon which he especially relied.

Mr. Belyea argued that a difference exists between "repute" and "character," and maintained that sufficient evidence had been given to fulfil the requirements of the statute. His lordship reserved the point.

Mr. Belyea then asked permission to call a witness as to the girl's character and previous chastity, and Mr. Powell objected. Mr. Belyea then asked permission to call a witness as to the girl's character and previous chastity, and Mr. Powell objected.

During the afternoon the jury expressed a wish to visit the scene of the alleged assault at Sooke and his lordship decided to let the matter stand over for a little while, at the same time expressing the opinion that the wish of the jury was most creditable to them.

Resuming this morning, Mr. Powell first moved to quash the second count in the indictment referring to an alleged assault upon the girl by accused while she has resided in the city, on the ground of absence of corroborative evidence. His lordship ruled that it was not the proper course to quash an indictment. He would allow the case to proceed and if sufficient reason developed would instruct the jury not to return a verdict of guilty on the second count.

Mr. Powell for the defence then proceeded to call evidence to prove that Ethel Shields had not a good reputation for chastity. The first witness was Manuel Troupe, a farmer at Sooke, who deposed that he had heard it said the girl was loose in her behavior and unchaste. He had heard a man named Cartwright, Brandon's school teacher, Henry Fisher, witness's own brother, and an Indian named Fred say these things. He was not in the habit of discussing with Indians the chastity of his white neighbors' children. The Indian he referred to was no relative of the accused as far as witness knew.

Provincial Constable Daniel Campbell was the next witness called to prove Ethel Shields' previous reputation for want of chastity. He had first heard statements reflecting upon her from Mr. O'Brien, a rancher on the Otter Point Road. It was common report around Sooke.

Henry Thomas Laurence Fisher had also heard reports of Ethel's loose conduct. This was corroborated by previous witnesses. Witness was questioned by Mr. Powell as to the accuracy of the map of the vicinity produced and had prepared a rough one himself. He contradicted the statement that the beach was a dry one and said it was nothing but a mudflat.

The trials were also depicted erroneously.

This point of the correctness of the descriptions given of the locality will be settled by the jury visiting the scene after all the evidence has been taken, the judge having decided upon that course being adopted.

Edward Milne, merchant, postmaster and manager of the telegraph office, also testified to Ethel's reputation, being that she was previously unchaste. Witness was then examined upon Armour's actions on Saturday, October 1st, 1898, when he came to the store about 9 o'clock. Bullock, the C.P.R. operator of Victoria, was with him. Witness did not see Ethel or Annie Shields that day. Did not see prisoner on the following day (Sunday). Armour did not buy any pipes from him on that day or upon any day within a month on either side of that day, nor at any time from himself or from any one in his store. This in contradiction of the statement made by Ethel and Annie Shields that Jimmie bought three clay pipes at Milne's store while with them on the day he is alleged to have committed the first assault.

Being shown photographs of the beach at Sooke, witness was induced to think more beach was shown in the picture than there really is. Witness could see from his front door the whole of the open space in which the assault is said to have been committed.

THIS AFTERNOON.

When the court resumed this afternoon Mr. Belyea commenced the cross-examination of the witnesses, Milne. It appeared that the school teacher, Brandon, who had circulated reports of Ethel Shields' want of chastity, had left Sooke and gone to the East. Witness, in explanation of this, said the parents had lost confidence in Brandon and had taken their children away from school. As to the purchase of pipes, witness said he could not remember accused purchasing any pipes in his store. He could not remember who of his customers smoke and purchase pipes and tobacco from him. Amending his statement regarding the open space being clearly to be seen from his front door, witness said there was a portion behind the big maple

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Fog and No Wind—Passenger Steamer Collides With a Ferry Boat.

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Around Ainsworth.

There are over one hundred and fifty mines employed in the mines at Ainsworth, and the camp and town are in good shape for the winter. All men working underground, miners as well as miners, are paid \$3 for the eight-hour day. Several of the mines are shipping ore, notably the L.M.C. Phil and the Tarriff, the ore from both being treated at the Highlander concentrator. The Little Phil employs 35 and the Tarriff 22 men.

Maxwell Stevenson has been working 15 and 20 ft. work on his big tunnel, and at Highlander concentrator; Judge Hatch has 10 on the Star, and about the same number are at work on the No. 1. On Woodbury creek mines about 50 men are employed.

Development Work Stopped.

Development work was stopped on the Vancouver mine on Saturday. The final payment of \$22,000 was made on the bond on Friday, which completed the purchase price of \$50,000. The company has quite a force of men on the property getting things in shape for future operations, but no further development will be attempted until the water power is ready for use. The Vancouver mine has been most liberally treated by its present owners in the matter of development, and it is now looked upon as one of the promising properties in Kootenay.

Notes From Windermere.

The famous Red Line group has been headed by the Fraser-Chalmers syndicate. The figure is not known, but it is understood that it is somewhere around \$120,000. Paulding Farnham, of New York, representing the above syndicate, made an examination of the property. It is generally understood that since Herbert Munford, of the same syndicate, who headed the Dividend group, situated on Law Creek, made an examination of the Red Line group last summer, that the Fraser-Chalmers Syndicate have been very anxious to secure the property. Development work has also been commenced under the direction of Mr. Sutherland.

Messrs. C. P. Seale and W. H. Welch, of Sandon, struck it rich on Number Two creek, having beaten an immense silver lead proposition.

It is understood that R. R. Bruce, C. R. O'Sullivan representing Messrs. O'Sullivan & Hammond, of Eastern Canada, has bought the Dolphin mine on North Fork of July creek from Messrs. Kimpston, Starke and Harrison.

John Barman, who has returned from Boulder creek, reports an immense showing of high grade gray copper and argentiferous galena ore on the Ground Floor group. This property is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Stirling Refractory. Mr. Barman reports that there is over two feet of solid ore on an average in sight, which has been stripped for over 50 feet. This group was located during the season of 1898 by Mr. Barman et al. The ore averages about \$150 to the ton. It is not unlikely that this property will be looked to as an eastern syndicate during the next two months. A force of men has been working throughout the summer under the direction of R. L. Kenney, of West Kootenay.

The Scramble, Dividend, Silver Thread, Delphine, Stirling Bull, Red Line, White Elephant, White Cat and Pretty Girl mines are all working large forces of men.

The Old Blue Willow Crocker and other fine patterns just opened and for sale cheap at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt makes every visitor to his country place plant a tree before leaving.

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GEN. SIR GEORGE WHITE.

The Officer Who Will Lead the British Troops Against the Boers in the Transvaal.

The fire is too hot to halt under. You must get on your long legs and charge with your company," said the major commanding the advance of the second battalion, Gordons, the old Ninety-second Highlanders. The scene was a battlefield, the brilliant action that was fought outside Candahar by Roberts against his great march across Afghanistan, and the speaker was George White.

He had long been spoiling for a fight. Of Irish extraction, although serving in a kilted regiment, and more Scotch than any Scotchman, he had the combativeness of the race, when they were a head, want to hit it. White, though his military instincts were curiously keen, had till quite lately been denied much chance of active service. As a lad he had taken a small part in the repression of the Indian mutiny, but he had seen no more blows struck and no more Afghan campaigns, when his regiment formed part of Roberts' Cabul army, he was on the verge of compulsory retirement. A year or two more and he must have been pensioned—of course, to his own deep chagrin—and, as has since been fully shown, still more to the public loss.

White a stout, stalwart soldier, with strong, natural aptitudes for the business of war, and needing no more than fitting opportunity to come conspicuously to the front.

It is, indeed, a curious commentary upon our whole system of army advancement that a man of such high military qualities should have been kept back by pure accident for so long, and that now, at the eleventh hour, when fast approaching man's appointed term of years, he should have the luck to be chosen for a most onerous and responsible command in the field.

White had soon shown his quality in Afghanistan. He was certainly engaged with his regiment in all the fierce conflicts around Cabul, Sherpur, Takhti Shah, Chidukhail, Charasiah. At the last-named he contributed largely to the success of the affair, for he led the attack on a fortified hill strongly held by the Afghans, and outgunning the Afghans he advanced along a ledge of rock single-handed carrying a rifle, with which he shot the Afghan leader dead.

This bold onslaught and the loss of their leader spread dismay among the enemy, who forthwith fled. For this White was deservedly rewarded with the Victoria Cross. Hereforth in his business he advanced along a ledge of rock single-handed carrying a rifle, with which he shot the Afghan leader dead.

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Railroad to Cape Scott

E. & N. Will Ask For Power to Extend Their Line.

A Long List of Appointments—Another Victoria Shipping Company.

The Official Gazette, which issues tonight, will contain the following announcements:

Miscellaneous.

The capital stock of the Kelowna Shippers' Union Co. has been increased from \$15,000 to \$50,000.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Skeena River Mining Co. is called for November 9th, at 12 noon, by C. W. D. Clifford, trustee.

A. P. Palmer has been appointed manager at Bakerly, of the Cariboo Gold Fields, Ltd., in place of Leonard W. Renner, resigned. J. H. Turner is the registered agent.

A meeting of the creditors of the estate of Morris Moss, fur dealer, of Victoria, deceased, is called for October 10th, the estate being declared insolvent.

Chas. Stagner Wallis, Rich. Roberts and Robt. Leckie, Ewing, of Rossland, are appointed assessors for the Empire Mines of British Columbia, instead of W. H. McHarg.

A special general meeting of the Noble Five Consolidated Mining & Milling Co. will be held at Gold on November 14th at 11 a.m. The object is to dispose of the assets of the company to another about to be formed.

Notice is given by the liquidators of the Banque V&C Marie, in liquidation, that a first dividend of 25 per cent. on all notes of the bank will be payable October 12th, at the principal office in Montreal.

Tenders For Fuel.

Separate sealed tenders are called for by W. S. Gore, deputy commissioner of lands and works, for supplying 100 tons of hard lump coal and 100 cords of split cordwood to the government. Tenders will be received up to the 18th inst.

Island Revision Courts.

Courts of Revision for the Island are announced as follows: Alberni—Nov. 22nd, at 11 a.m. Union—Nov. 29th, at 3 p.m. Salt Spring Island—Dec. 1st, at 1 p.m. Mayne Island—Dec. 6th, at 1 p.m. Duncan—Dec. 16th, at 11 a.m. Nanaimo—Dec. 21st at 2 p.m.

Extending the E. & N.

H. Maurice Hills, solicitor for the E. & N. railway, gives notice that at the next meeting of the legislature he will apply for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, and operate a railroad from Comox district, on or near the 50th parallel, on the east coast of Vancouver Island, to Cape Scott; the company to be endowed with the usual powers.

Incorporated Companies.

The following Companies are incorporated: Butcher Boy Gold and Copper Mining Company, of Greenwood, capital, \$50,000; Le Marchand Mines, of Vancouver, capital, \$500,000; Breckenridge Milling Company, of Victoria, capital, \$500,000; Hazel Mining & Development Company, of Whitewater, capital, \$500,000; St. Mary Gold Mining Company, of Rossland, capital, \$500,000; Bunker Hill Mining Company, of Rossland, capital, \$100,000; Quebec-Bonanza Mining Company, of Rossland, capital, \$1,000,000; Lulu Gold and Copper Company, of Greenwood, capital, \$1,500,000; Goldcoast Mines, Limited, of Greenwood, capital, \$1,500,000; Susquehanna Gold Mines, of Rossland, capital, \$1,000,000; Bonanza-Bonanza Mining Company, of Victoria, capital, \$100,000; Sunset Copper Company, of Grand Forks, capital, \$2,100,000; The Card Steamship & Trading Company, of Victoria, capital, \$10,000. The last mentioned is to purchase and operate the steamer John Card.

Appointment.

Quenton Dick Hume Warden, stenographer, of Victoria, has been appointed official stenographer under the provisions of the Supreme Court Act.

J. D. Gordon, of Tobacco Plains, E. Kootenay, to be a coroner for the province.

Win. Dodd, of Yale, to be mining recorder and collector of revenue tax for Yale district, and provincial police constable.

Alex. Lochore, of Foster's Bar, to be a license commissioner for Ashcroft district, vice E. W. Foster, resigned.

H. R. Townsend, of Rossland, to be a registrar of marriage licenses and a deputy registrar of the Rossland registry of the Supreme court.

Jno. Bulbee, of Rossland, to hold small debts court for the city and for a radius of ten miles, vice John Kirkup.

W. P. Marchant to be a clerk in the office of the registrar of the Supreme court, Victoria, vice D. McBrady, resigned.

To be justices of the peace for Victoria, Nanaimo, Vancouver, Westminster, Yale, Cariboo and Kootenay: Mr. C. Seidl, Sandon; J. R. Leighton, Clinton; E. Hunt, Stevenson; J. C. Drowey, Moyie; R. Kitson, Ladner; N. M. Curran, Kimberley; J. L. Brown, Surrey; R. Hansen, Cape Scott; D. R. Stevens and L. J. D. Berg, Trail; Goodwin Purcell, Douglas; Alex. D. McInnes, Alexandria; Wm. J. Manson, Mission City; David W. Brown, Hazel Prairie; Albert Deans, Langley Prairie; Theo. Welsh, Mud Bay; Rich. H. Parkin, Fairview; Jas. Pearson, Lytton; Arthur R. Marshall, Thurlow Island.

In the centre of the plaza in Lima is a pretty bronze fountain that was erected in 1578, a gift from some noble Spaniard, and is probably the oldest fountain in America.

STOCK BROKERS, 41 Fort St. 10 Broad St.

Revere House

Notice to Contractors.

Patronize Home Industry.

"Sunshine Polish"

Sunshine Manufacturing Co'y.

Notice.

Special Announcement.